**GRAZ Engineering, L.L.C.** 323 West Lake Road • Fitzwilliam, NH 03447 • Telephone (603) 585-6959 • Fax (603) 585-6960

# Transmittal

To: Company Address: City/State	Town	ning Board n of Leicester ashburn Square ester, MA 01524	Subject:Revised Parker Street (North) Definitive PlansDate:August 24, 2021Transmitted:□ Mail☑ Email☑ Hand				
		For Your Approval For Your Review For Your Signature For Your Information For Your Files		Approv Approv	ed As Not And Resul	ed	
3	copies	Parker Street (North) - Definitiv	e Subdivis	ion Rev	vision Lett	er dated 8/2	24/21
2	copies	Parker Street (North) - Revised	Definitive	Subdiv	ision Plans	s, 8/24/21 (F	ull Size Plans)
2	copies	Parker Street (North) - Revised	Definitive	Subdiv	ision Plans	s, 8/24/21 (1	1 x 17 Plans)
3	copies	Parker Street (North) - Revised	Stormwate	er & Hy	ydrology I	Ocuments,	8/24/21
3	copies	AASHTO Document Excerpt					
1	email	<b>Revised PDF Digital Copy of Su</b>	bmittal Ma	aterials	, 8/24/21		
	copies						
	copies						

Comments: Enclosed are the revised plans and associated documentation for the Parker Street (North) Definitive Subdivision located off from Pine Street.

Should you have any questions or require any additional information, please call my cell at 508-769-9084.

Respectfully yours, GRAZ Engineering, L.L.C.

Brian MacEwen, PLS, BSCE Project Manager

cc: Matt Schold, Applicant/Owner

# **GRAZ Engineering, L.L.C.**

August 24, 2021

Michelle Buck, Planner Leicester Planning Board 3 Washburn Square Leicester, MA 01524

#### Subject: Parker Street (North) Definitive Subdivision Revision 1

Dear Ms. Buck:

GRAZ Engineering, L.L.C. (GRAZ) has received and reviewed the following letters regarding technical review and comments of the proposed Parker Street (North) Definitive Subdivision to be located off Pine Street.

- Leicester Police Department, not dated, received via email June 9, 2021 by Officier Derrick Ruth
- Leicester Highway Department, received via email on June 11, 2021, by Dennis Griffin
- Quinn Engineering, Inc. (QEI), dated July 6, 2021, received via email by Mr. Kevin Quinn, P.E.
- State Forester, received via email on June 29, 2021 by Chris Capone
- Leicester Planning Department, received via email on August 16, 2021 by Michelle Buck, AICP

On behalf of Schold Development, LLC (Matt Schold) and in response to the above noted letters and subsequent comments received during the Leicester Planning Board (LPB) public hearing to date, GRAZ submits the following item-by-item responses and the revised subdivision plans for final review and approval of the LPB. For simplicity, GRAZ will provide comment on only the items for which revisions have been made for this submittal.

#### **Quinn Engineering, Inc. Letter**

#### Waiver Requests:

5. Waive VI, E, which requires underground CATV, electric, telephone/communications wiring, to permit overhead utilities.

As noted in the initial public hearing, the Applicant proposes to install underground utilities from the last existing utility pole located on the east of Parker Street near the Y.W.C.A. The plans have been revised to note that accordingly.

6. Waive §VI,L: To waive the installation of street trees.

As noted in the initial public hearing, the Applicant proposes to install street trees as required to supplement the existing vegetation along the proposed roadway that is to remain. The plans will be revised to depict the estimated locations, quantity, and types of proposed street trees to be installed.

7. Waive §V, C, 4, which limits the design velocity of flow in storm systems to between 2 and 10 feet per second, to permit drainage velocity of 15 feet per second.

#### This waiver request has been removed.

8. Waive §VI,E,(3): To waive the installation of required street lights.

As noted at the initial public hearing, the Applicant proposes to install lot/street lights on the individual lots near the intersection of the proposed driveways with the proposed roadway. A note has been added to the plans (Sheet 6) to indicate this accordingly.

#### **Comments:**

1. The proposed cul-de-sac cuts into a hillside grade, in an area where groundwater appears to be active. A subdrain must be called out around the cul-de-sac in all cut areas, to control and remove groundwater from the base gravel.

# The plans have been revised to depict the locations, elevations, and details of the proposed sub-drain accordingly.

2. Leicester Planning Board may wish to request an area be set aside for Open Space for passive or active recreation. (REF: §V, E).

Due to the scale of the development, the Applicant does not propose any dedicated Open Space.

3. From STA 16+50 to STA 21+50 +/-, a substantial fill slope is proposed on the west side of the roadway. In this area, the engineer should review the Massachusetts Department of Transportation warrant for guardrail, to evaluate whether guardrail should be installed.

Our assessment of the embankment on the westerly side of the proposed roadway between STA 16+50 to STA 21+50 based on a review of the MassDOT guidelines indicates that guardrails are not required. See attached AASHTO documentation.

#### Hydrology & Stormwater:

4. The Hydrology and Stormwater Report should provide a topographic plan which outlines subcatchment areas, design points, and runoff flow routes for both the pre-development model and post-development model. We cannot evaluate the stormwater analysis in the absence of this information.

The Hydrology Report has been revised to include the pre & post development watershed plans complete with existing and proposed topography accordingly.

5. The Hydrology and Stormwater Report documents that at Design Points 2 and 3, the post-development rates of runoff are increased over the pre-development rates for all storms. The Applicant states that the stormwater system was designed to conform to standards to the "maximum extent practicable". Although the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Policy states that projects which propose between five and nine homes may be designed to the greatest extent practicable, historically, the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection, Wetland Division, has held that no increase in post-development runoff is permitted, except for the 100 year storm. For that storm, it must be shown that no negative impact results downstream from an increase in the out flow.

The Hydrology Report has been revised such that there are just two (2) Analysis Points for the proposed stormwater discharge, namely the wetlands to the northeast of the site and Stiles Lake to the west. Subsequently, the proposed peak rates of run-off for these two analysis points have been attenuated to less than or equal to the pre-development run-off rates.

6. In Infiltration Basin #2P, no evidence of soils testing is found. Per Massachusetts Stormwater Management Policy, soils testing must be performed within the perimeter of infiltration basins.

The Hydrology Report has been revised to include the deep hole soil testing data that was performed on August 12, 2021 in the sedimentation forebay (SF1) and the Infiltration Basin (B1) accordingly.

7. The Stormwater Basin Cross Section, Sheet 8 of 8, calls for planting a row of thorny rose bushes ("Rosa Rugosa") along the outside crest of the stormwater basin berm (Infiltration Basin #2P), as a deterrent to entry. The roses cannot be planted on either the gravel access road, nor the Emergency Spillway. Some other means of restricting access over those areas must be developed.\

The plans have been revised to depicted two (2) means of entry deterrent to the stormwater basin (B1). Chain link fencing will be used at the entry point with the proposed roadway as well as across the top of the basin spillway weir. The remainder of the perimeter shall have the "Rosa Rugosa" plantings installed as depicted on the plans accordingly.

#### Town Planner Comments Relative to Preliminary Plan Approval Conditions:

2. The Applicant shall provide a fire cistern on the Definitive Plan if required by the Fire Department (it is understood that the Applicant will be seeking a waiver because of the limited number of lots and proximity to Stiles Reservoir). Did you receive a waiver from the Fire Department?

The Applicant has discussed the installation of a dry hydrant near the Parker Street bridge over Bartons Brook should the development exceed 4 or more houses. The Fire Department appears to be agreeable to this solution in lieu of installing a underground cistern for fire protection. The Applicant will obtain a letter from the Fire Departments stating the same.

3. The Applicant shall coordinate with the Leicester Post Office and incorporate their preferences with mailbox locations into the Definitive Plan. *What is your plan for mail delivery, and have you coordinated with the Post Office?* 

The Applicant is coordinating with the Post Office to determine the method of mail delivery. It is anticipated that the delivery will be to the individual houses. The Applicant will obtain a letter from the Post Office to state the final method of mail delivery.

4. The Definitive Plan application shall include an analysis of the full development potential along Parker Street from Pine Street to the end of the new roadway cul-de-sac. **This isn't included in your application.** 

Our analysis of the full development potential is as follows:

- For the existing improved portion of Parker Street which extends just to the south of the bridge at Bartons Brook, the Y.W.C.A. lands appear to have sufficient frontage and area to support four (4) building lots.
- For the portion of Parker Street to be improved under this project which extends from just to the south of bridge at Bartons Brook, the Y.W.C.A. lands appear to have sufficient frontage and area to support three (3) additional building lots.
- And finally, for that of Parker Street that shall be improved under this project which extends from the southerly property lines of the Y.W.C.A. lands to the terminus of the proposed cul-de-sac, the Applicant's lands have sufficient frontage and area to allow a maximum of five (5) building lots.

Thus, the full conceptual potential for buildable lots, without accounting for environmental or constructability issues, once this project has been completed and the Town accepts the roadway would be twelve (12) lots.

5. The Definitive Plan application shall include proposed deed restrictions or other options to limit development in perpetuity so that the total number of lots served by the new roadway shall not exceed five (5), and to prohibit any further extension of (or new roadways off of) the Parker Street extension proposed by this application. What is proposed to limit development?

Sheet 3 of the plans has been revised to include notations as to what the Applicant understands to be the minimum restrictions for the build-out of the lands that is being developed under this project. These notes are as follows:

- In perpetuity, the subdivision of the lands of the applicant and currently depicted on Assessor's Map 42 as lots A1.0 & B1.0 adjacent to the proposed roadway and associated right-of-way as depicted hereon shall be limited to a maximum of five (5) building lots.
- In perpetuity, the proposed roadway and associated right-of-way cannot be extended beyond the limits as depicted hereon and there can be no additional new roadways developed off from said proposed roadway.
- any further subdivision of the remaining lands of the applicant shall require further approval of the Leicester planning board pursuant to the subdivision control regulations.

#### GRAZ Engineering, LLC Parker Street (North) Definitive Subdivision

August 24, 2021 Page 4 of 4

I trust that this information will assist the Planning Board in their finalization of the "Decision" and "Conditions of Approval" of the Applicant's application for "Definitive Subdivision Approval". Should you have any other questions or require additional information prior to the next meeting please call me as soon as possible.

Respectfully yours, GRAZ Engineering, L.L.C.

Brian MacEwen, PLS, BSCE

Project Manager

Paul Grasewicz, PE, PLS

BCM/PFG/bcm

cc: Matt Schold, Schold Development, LLC Paul Grasewicz, GRAZ Engineering, LLC

attachment: AASHTO Document Excerpt

#### Highlighted Text Changed in July 2015 Errata

c) For roadways with low volumes, it may not be practical to apply even the minimum values found in Table 3-1. Refer to Chapter 12 for additional considerations for low-volume roadways and Chapter 10 for additional guidance for urban applications.

d) When design speeds are greater than the values provided, the designer may provide clear-zone distances greater than those shown in Table 3-1.

Design			Foreslopes		Backslopes		
Speed (mph)	Design ADT	1V:6H or flatter	1V:5H to 1V:4H	1V:3H	1V:3H	1V:5H to 1V:4H	1V:6H or flatter
≤40	UNDER 750° 750–1500 1500–6000 OVER 6000	<mark>7–10</mark> 10–12 12–14 14–16	7–10 12–14 14–16 16–18	b b b	7–10 10–12 12–14 14–16	7–10 10–12 12–14 14–16	7–10 10–12 12–14 14–16
45–50	UNDER 750° 750–1500 1500–6000 OVER 6000	10–12 14–16 16–18 20–22	12–14 16–20 20–26 24–28	b b b	8–10 10–12 12–14 14–16	8–10 12–14 14–16 18–20	10–12 14–16 16–18 20–22
55	UNDER 750° 750–1500 1500–6000 OVER 6000	12–14 16–18 20–22 22–24	14–18 20–24 24–30 26–32 <sup>a</sup>	b b b	8–10 10–12 14–16 16–18	10–12 14–16 16–18 20–22	10–12 16–18 20–22 22–24
60	UNDER 750° 750–1500 1500–6000 OVER 6000	16–18 20–24 26–30 30–32ª	20–24 26–32 <sup>a</sup> 32–40 <sup>a</sup> 36–44 <sup>a</sup>	b b b	10–12 12–14 14–18 20–22	12–14 16–18 18–22 24–26	14–16 20–22 24–26 26–28
65–70ª	UNDER 750 <sup>c</sup> 750–1500 1500–6000 OVER 6000	18–20 24–26 28–32ª 30–34ª	20–26 28–36 <sup>a</sup> 34–42 <sup>a</sup> 38–46 <sup>a</sup>	b b b	10–12 12–16 16–20 22–24	14–16 18–20 22–24 26–30	14–16 20–22 26–28 28–30

#### **U.S. Customary Units**

Notes:

a) When a site-specific investigation indicates a high probability of continuing crashes or when such occurrences are indicated by crash history, the designer may provide clear-zone distances greater than the clear zone shown in Table 3-1. Clear zones may be limited to 30 ft for practicality and to provide a consistent roadway template if previous experience with similar projects or designs indicates satisfactory performance.

b) Because recovery is less likely on the unshielded, traversable 1V:3H fill slopes, fixed objects should not be present in the vicinity of the toe of these slopes. Recovery of high-speed vehicles that encroach beyond the edge of the shoulder may be expected to occur beyond the toe of slope. Determination of the width of the recovery area at the toe of slope should consider right-of-way availability, environmental concerns, economic factors, safety needs, and crash histories. Also, the distance between the edge of the through traveled lane and the beginning of the 1V:3H slope should influence the recovery area provided at the toe of slope. While the application may be limited by several factors, the foreslope parameters that may enter into determining a maximum desirable recovery area are illustrated in Figure 3-2. A 10-ft recovery area at the toe of slopes.

c) For roadways with low volumes it may not be practical to apply even the minimum values found in Table 3-1. Refer to Chapter 12 for additional considerations for low-volume roadways and Chapter 10 for additional guidance for urban applications.

d) When design speeds are greater than the values provided, the designer may provide clear-zone distances greater than those shown in Table 3-1.

The designer may choose to modify the clear-zone distances in Table 3-1 with adjustment factors to account for horizontal curvature, as shown in Table 3-2. These modifications normally are considered only when crash histories indicate such a need, when a specific site investigation shows a definitive crash potential that could be significantly lessened by increasing the clear zone width, and when such increases are cost-effective. Horizontal curves, particularly for high-speed facilities, are usually superelevated to increase safety and provide a more comfortable ride. Increased banking on curves where the superelevation is inadequate is an alternate method of increasing roadway safety within a horizontal curve, except where snow and ice conditions limit the use of increased superelevation.

For relatively flat and level roadsides, the clear-zone concept is simple to apply. However, it is less clear when the roadway is in a fill or cut section where roadside slopes may be positive, negative, or variable, or where a drainage channel exists near the through traveled way. Consequently, these features should be discussed before a full understanding of the clear zone concept is possible.

Radius, m [ft]	Design Speed km/h [mph]							
	60 [40]	70 [45]	80 [50]	90 [55]	100 [65]	110 [70]		
900 [2,950]	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2		
700 [2,300]	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3		
600 [1,970]	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4		
500 [1,640]	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4		
450 [1,475]	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5		
400 [1,315]	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	_		
350 [1,150]	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	_		
300 [985]	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	_		
250 [820]	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	_	-		
200 [660]	1.3	1.4	1.5	-	_	-		
150 [495]	1.4	1.5	_	-	_	-		
100 [330]	1.5	_	_	_	_	_		

Table 3-2. Horizontal Curve Adjustment Factor
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 $CZ_c = (L_c)^*(K_{cz})$ 

where:

 $CZ_c$  = Clear zone on outside of curvature, meters [feet]

 $L_c$  = Clear zone distance, meters [feet] (see Table 3-1)

 $K_{CZ}$  = Curve correction factor

Note: The clear-zone correction factor is applied to the outside of curves only. Corrections are typically made only to curves less than 900-m [2,950-ft] radius.

#### **3.2 ROADSIDE GEOMETRY**

If a roadside is not flat, a motorist leaving the roadway will encounter a foreslope, a backslope, a transverse slope, or a drainage channel, as shown in Figure 3-1. Each of these features has an effect on a vehicle's lateral encroachment and trajectory as discussed in the following sections.

#### 3.2.1 Foreslopes

Foreslopes parallel to the flow of traffic may be identified as recoverable, non-recoverable, or critical. Recoverable foreslopes are 1V:4H or flatter *(14)*. If such slopes are relatively smooth and traversable, the suggested clear-zone distance may be taken directly from Table 3-1. Motorists who encroach on recoverable foreslopes generally can stop their vehicles or slow them enough to return to the roadway safely. Fixed obstacles such as culvert headwalls normally will not extend above the foreslope within the clear-zone distance. Examples of suggested roadside design practices for recoverable foreslopes and the application of the clear-zone concept are in Section 3.3.

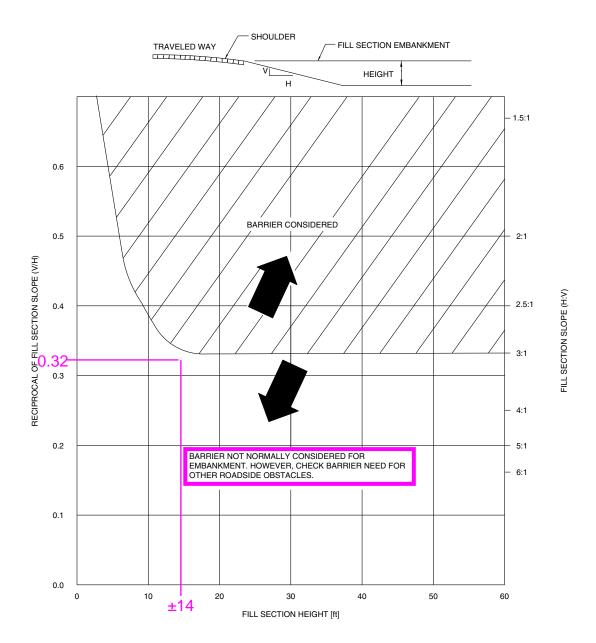


Figure 5-1(b). Comparative Barrier Consideration for Embankments (U.S. Customary Units) (15)

# Proposed PARKER STREET DEFINITIVE SUBDIVISION

Off Pine Street Leicester, Massachusetts

# HYDROLOGY & STORMWATER REPORT

For Leicester Planning Board Definitive Subdivision Approval Leicester Conservation Commission Notice of Intent Submittals

> June 8, 2021 Revised August 24, 2021

# PREPARED FOR:

# Schold Development, LLC 77 Chickering Road

Spencer, MA 01562



PREPARED BY:

# **GRAZ Engineering, L.L.C.**

323 West Lake Road Fitzwilliam, NH 03447

# Proposed PARKER STREET DEFINITIVE SUBDIVISION

# Off Pine Street, Leicester, MA

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

## June 8, 2021 Revised August 24, 2021

- 1. Stormwater Report Summary
- 2. Stormwater Management Standards
  - A. Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges
  - B. Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation
  - C. Standard 3: Recharge
    - o Recharge Calculations
  - D. Standard 4: Water Quality
    - o Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan
    - o Water Quality Calculations
    - o TSS Removal Calculations
  - E. Standards 5-7 are not applicable
  - F. Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control o Inspection and Maintenance Log Form
  - G. Standard 9: Operation & Maintenance Plan
    - o Inspection and Maintenance Log Form
  - H. Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges
  - I. Pre-Development Analysis
    - o Watershed Plan
    - o Flow Diagram
    - o 2-, 10-, 25-, 100-year Storm Computations
  - J. Post-Development Analysis
    - Watershed Plan
      - Flow Diagram
      - o 2-, 10-,25-, 100-year Storm Computations

#### Appendix

MA - DEP Stormwater Checklist	A
USGS Map	<u> </u>
FEMA Flood Map	<u> </u>
Soil Test Pit Data	D
NRCS Soils Map Overlay & NRCC Cornell Extreme Precipitation Table	E

#### STORMWATER REPORT SUMMARY

#### **Project Overview**

In accordance with the preliminary subdivision plan approval by the Leicester Planning Board on August 4, 2020 of the "Preliminary Plan – Parker Street (North)" dated June 30, 2020 and in compliance with the Board's conditions of approval, the current Town of Leicester "Rules & Regulations Governing the Subdivision of Land", and the "Zoning Bylaws" the Applicant and Owner, Schold Development, LLC proposes a three (3) lot subdivision of the land located on Parker Street along the existing way which is currently comprised of a gravel and dirt road that is an extension to the south of the existing portion of Parker Street that was improved and laid out by the Town of Leicester in 2004 as depicted in Worcester District Registry of Deeds Plan Book 807, Plan 10. This portion of Parker Street is located off the southerly side of Pine Street.

#### **Existing Site Conditions**

The existing property is a  $\pm$ 72.7 acre undeveloped woodland currently divided by a gravel and dirt cart road (right-of-way status unknown) named Parker Street that extends southerly from the southerly sideline of Pine Street to the northerly sideline of Baldwin Street.

The project site is the land described as recorded in the Worcester District Registry of Deeds (WDRD) in Book 60004, Page 48, and depicted as Parcels A and C in Plan Book 800, Plan 29. The entire project site is located in the Suburban/Agriculture (SA) zoning district.

The northerly boundary of the project site is bounded by lands owned by the Y.W.C.A., the easterly & southerly boundaries are bounded by multiple private owners, and the westerly boundary is bounded by the easterly edge of Stiles Lake. The site consists of a mix of oak, maple, and pine trees along with various mixed hard and soft woods as well as mountain laurel. The site generally slopes uphill in a south to southeasterly direction from the southerly end of the improved portion of Parker Street near the Stiles Lake spillway. There are several Bordering Vegetated Wetlands (BVW) located adjacent to and within portions of the project site. The site is bounded on the west by the shoreline of Stiles Lake, the north by undeveloped lands currently owned by the Y.W.C.A., the east by undeveloped lands of Larson & Mutual Builders, and south by several existing residential lots bordering on the southerly portion of Parker Street, Baldwin Street, and Salminen Avenue.

A review of the NCRS Soil Survey mappings indicates that the site soils are comprised of "C" soils for the majority of the upland areas while the portions of the adjacent wetlands are classified as "D" soils. Field investigation of the soils has not been performed to date.

Portions of the proposed roadway improvement work and the stormwater for the roadway and site development are within the 100-foot buffer zone of the said wetlands. Therefore the project is under the under the jurisdiction of the MADEP Wetlands Protection Act and the Leicester Conservation Commission local wetlands regulations. A Notice of Intent for the project will be submitted separately.

#### **Proposed Site Conditions**

The proposed lot sites will be provided with private septic systems & domestic water wells with overhead electrical and communication services from the existing public utilities located in improved northerly portion of Parker Street. In addition to those utilities a proposed "country drainage" stormwater system has been designed to provide control and treatment to the maximum feasible extent of the Massachusetts DEP Stormwater Management Standards. The existing graveled/dirt travelled way currently known as Parker Street shall be laid out into a dead-end cul-de-sac ( $\pm 1,480$ ') right-of-way and the roadway shall be improved such that it shall meet the minimum requirements as set forth by the LPB for acceptance as a public way upon completion.

The majority of the remaining land lot shall remain as a wooded upland. As depicted on the plans, ground cover for the majority of the proposed developed lot sites shall be residential lawns with the remainder being covered by the proposed dwellings, driveways, roadway, and undisturbed woodlands.

The proposed site has been designed to the maximum feasible extent to mimic as close as possible the existing conditions stormwater flows utilizing a "country minimum of stormwater management practices and to minimize releases and to treat runoff, thereby minimizing environmental impact. Several techniques were utilized from the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protections' (DEP) revised Stormwater Management handbooks to help maintain and provide better water quality, minimize runoff, and to provide groundwater recharge. These techniques include the "country drainage" swale with stone check dams intermittently spaced along its length, sediment forebay, and detention/infiltration basin with rip-rapped outlet aprons.

#### Standard 1: No Untreated Discharges or Erosion to Wetlands

All discharges from the proposed site have been treated to the maximum feasible extent given the nature of the existing gravel roadway and right-of-way width limitations and availability for additional drainage mitigation infrastructure on the adjacent privately owned lands. We would note that the level of treatment for the improved roadway portion of the project is consistent and exceeds the level of stormwater management that was provided for the most northerly section of the Parker Street as improved under by the Town of Leicester in 2004. Calculations for water quality have been provided under Standard 4.

Note that the majority of the proposed roadway improvement area will be collected via the "country drainage" swale located on the easterly side of the roadway and discharged to a combination sediment forebay and detention/infiltration basin to be located on the lands of the Y.W.C.A. The discharge from the detention/infiltration basin is to the adjacent wetland area similar to the current untreated gravel roadway runoff discharge point. Outlets have been lined with riprap and sizes based on a reference from the Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook, Fig 7.45, Design of riprap outlet protection from a round pipe flowing full; minimum tailwater conditions.

#### Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation

The analyses were made using SCS hydrological groups C soils of sandy clay loam and silty clay loam using HydroCAD Software Solutions system for modeling the hydrology and hydraulics of stormwater runoff. The stormwater management system is designed to attenuate the 2 and 10-year frequency storms as required by the DEP Stormwater Management Guidelines, Standard 2. The 25-year storm has also been evaluated as required by the Town of Leicester for the design of the drainage pipe network. In addition, the 100-year frequency storm was analyzed and determined to have no adverse off-site impacts.

For the purpose of analyzing pre- and post-development stormwater peak rates of runoff, two (2) analysis points (AP-1, Wetlands to the Northeast) and (AP-2, Stiles Lake) have been selected based on existing topographic conditions which were used for both the pre- and the post-peak rate calculations. The following table summarizes the pre versus post peak runoff rates for the above cited storm events for the various discharge points from the site with the respective HydroCAD node listings.

Table No. 1 - Analysis Point 1 (AP-1): Wetlands to the Northeast										
Storm	Pre-Development	Post Development	Net Change							
Event	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)							
2	9.85	7.84	-2.01							
10	23.60	22.42	-1.18							
25	35.83	33.72	-2.11							
100	62.54	52.87	-9.67							

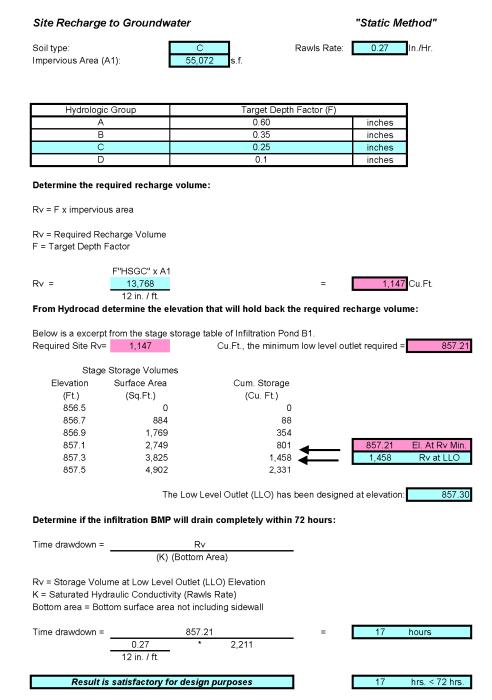
### Table No. 1 - Analysis Point 1 (AP-1): Wetlands to the Northeast

#### Table No. 2 - Analysis Point 2 (AP-2): Stiles Lake

Storm Event	Pre-Development (cfs)	Post Development (cfs)	Net Change (cfs)
2	8.32	7.54	-0.78
10	19.53	17.25	-2.28
25	29.40	29.33	-0.07
100	50.79	51.00	0.21

#### **Standard 3: Recharge**

Prior to visiting the site a review of the NRCS Soil Survey was made to identify the soils and hydrologic groups. The majority of the upland site is mapped as Montauk fine sandy loam (C soils) with the wetland area along the northerly side of Baldwin Street being Whitman fine sandy loam (D soils). As the proposed storm water management basin is proposed adjacent to wetlands, the soil conditions have been evaluated by on-site deep hole soil testing to determine the estimated seasonal high groundwater table elevation. Using the "Static Method" the required storage volumes of the infiltration basin (Pond B1) as determined for the additional impervious areas proposed by this project. The recharge volume provided by Pond B1 along with the proposed roof runoff drywells exceeds the required recharge volume for the entire developed site. A mounding analysis has been provided for Pond B1. The calculations for the proposed recharge volume including the drawdown time calculation for Pond B1 have been included with this report.



860.26

#### Standard 4: Water Quality

The sediment forebay (SF1) has been sized based on calculations using a <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch of runoff times the total impervious area of the post development project site. Calculations for the water quality volume and total suspended solids removal are provided.

The total site impervious area is 55,072 s.f., therefore the amount of volume to be treated for water quality is 2,295 c.f. The total supplied water quality volume from the sediment forebay is 2,378 c.f. which is greater than the requirement for the project.

#### Stormwater runoff volumes to be treated for water quality

- Stormwater Policy Standard 4: 1/2-inch of runoff x total impervious area of post-development site

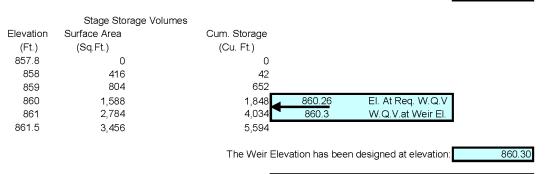
Sediment Forebay 1P

Required Water Quality Volume:

Subcatchment	Impervious Area (SF)	Imp. Area x 0.5 in runoff (Cu.Ft.)	
P1.1	36,982		
P1.2	14,157		
P2.1	3,933		
	55,072	2,295	Required W.Q.V.

#### From Hydrocad determine the elevation that will hold back the required Water Quality Volume (WQV):

Below is a excerpt from the stage storage table of Sediment Forebay (SF1). From Hydrocad determine the elevation that will hold back the required Water Quality Volume (WQV): 2,295 Cu.Ft., the min. W.Q.V. storage elevation required =



Supplied Water Quality Volume: 2,378 Cu.Ft.

#### STORMWATER MANAGEMENT Weighted 80% TSS REMOVAL

BMP'S			% Removal			
- CB's = Catch Basin w/ 4' sump and outlet tee			25%			
- SF/DB = Detention Basin with Sediment Forebay			80%			
- SF/IB = Infiltration Basin with Sediment Forebay			80%			
- GSW = Grassed Swale with stone check dams @ 20' O.C.						
- N = No treatment			0%			
AREAS	BMP	IMP. AREA	TSS			
		(SF)	Removal			
P1.1	GSW, SF/DB	36,982	94.0%			
P1.2	GSW	14,157	70.0%			
P2.1	N	3,933	0.0%			
TOTAL IMPERVIOUS AREA (SF)		55,072	<u> </u>			
TOTAL WEIGHTED TSS REMOVAL		,	81.1%			

#### Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion & Sedimentation Control

#### System

The proposed Parker Street Subdivision drainage system consists of a drainage network that collects and attenuates peak flows that will be generated from the proposed site development to the maximum extent possible. The network includes "country drainage" swales; sediment forebay; and a detention/infiltration basin. Ultimately the flow discharges toward both Stile Lake to the west and the wetlands located to the north and east of the site.

#### **Responsible Parties**

The proposed roadway stormwater management system shall be operated and maintained by the developer during construction. Once the development is complete and the town accepts the roadway, the Town of Leicester will take responsibility for the roadway drainage system.

#### **Construction Operation and Maintenance**

Sedimentation and erosion controls, such as haybales, siltfence, and the stabilized construction entrance shall be installed prior to the commencement of construction. The maintenance of the sedimentation and erosion controls during the construction and until the site is fully stabilized shall be the responsibility of the Owner through the site contractor.

Sedimentation and erosion controls shall be inspected on an ongoing basis and repaired and/or replaced as necessary throughout construction. Upon completion of construction, the sedimentation and erosion controls shall be maintained until the disturbed areas of the construction site are fully stabilized.

The stabilized construction entrance shall be maintained to prevent tracking and washing of sediment onto existing paved surfaces until the installation of the roadway bituminous concrete binder course. The entrance shall be top dressed with additional stone or length extended as necessary. Roads adjacent to the site shall be left clean at the end of each day by the removal of any sediment spilled, tracked, or washed onto the existing pavement.

All site runoff shall be routed through permanent drainage facilities where available. Temporary sediment basins shall be constructed to control disturbed area runoff where the permanent system is not in place. The controls shall be constructed and maintained to minimize erosion and sediment transport. Maintenance shall be weekly or as necessary.

Modified rock check dams shall be added to the drainage channels at 20' intervals during construction. They shall be inspected on an ongoing basis and repaired and/or replaced as necessary throughout construction. As part of the mosquito prevention they shall be inspected 72 hours after storms for standing water ponding behind them. Take corrective action if standing water is found.

The infiltration basins shall not be used as temporary sediment traps. The sediment forebay shall be excavated to one-foot above finish grade until the site has become fully stabilized. After the site is stabilized the basin shall be excavated to the finished grade.

The Contractor shall control airborne dust with the use of sprayed water as required minimize the impacts to neighboring properties. The use of calcium chloride or other chemicals are prohibited.

Mosquito Control: During construction the contractor is responsible for maintenance to see that larvicides are applied as necessary to the following stormwater treatment practices, which include but are not limited to: catch basins, drainage channels with check dams, sediment forebays, and infiltration basins. larvicides shall be applied by a licensed pesticide applicator in full compliance with all pesticide label requirements and any requirements that the Town of Leicester may have including types of larvicides and times of application.

#### **Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures**

The Construction Period Pollution Prevention measures implemented under the Construction Erosion and Sedimentation Control will focus on developing, implementing, and enforcing a program that will reduce or eliminate the impacts of storm water runoff from the construction site. They focus predominately on temporary pollution prevention practices and address long-term or permanent pollution prevention measures that are implemented during the construction phase.

As described previously, sedimentation and erosion controls, such as straw wattles, siltfence, and stabilized construction entrances will be installed prior to the commencement of construction. Temporary sediment traps and detention basins will be installed as required. Check dams have been added to the drainage channels to help prevent erosion and help with the water quality. Inspections and maintenance of these controls have been well documented in the Operation and Maintenance Plan. With the addition of the Construction Inspection and Maintenance Log Form the contractor can incorporate a regimented schedule that will aid in the prevention of sedimentation pollution throughout the construction phase.

#### **Standard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan**

#### Long Term Operation and Long Term Maintenance

**<u>Riprap Outlets:</u>** Riprap outlets shall be inspected annually to determine if high flows have caused scour beneath the riprap and/or filter fabric or dislodged any of the riprap or filter fabric materials. Replace riprap and/or repair/replace filter fabric as required. Any tree growth or accumulated sediments shall be removed.

<u>Check Dams</u>: Inspect check dams after every significant rainfall event. Repair damage and remove sediment as needed. Coordinate inspections with the drainage channel cycle.

**Drainage Channels and Culvert inlets and outlets:** Initially, the drainage channel should be inspected after the first few months to make sure there is no rilling or gullying, and that vegetation in the channels is adequate. Thereafter, inspect the channel twice a year for slope integrity, soil moisture, vegetative health, soil stability, soil compaction, soil erosion, ponding, and sediment accumulation. Regular maintenance includes mowing, fertilizing, liming, watering, pruning, weeding, and pest control. Mow channels at least once annually. Grass heights shall be no greater than 6 inches and mower blade depth shall be no lower than 3 to 4 inches. Excessive mowing may cause an increase in the design flow velocity. Remove all trash and debris at least once per year. Re-seed periodically to maintain the dense growth of grass vegetation.

**Sediment Forebay:** Sediments and associated pollutants are removed only when sediment forebays are actually cleaned out, so regular maintenance is essential. Sediment markers have been added as a quick reference. Frequently removing accumulated sediments will make it less likely that sediments will be resuspended. Inspect and clean sediment forebays at least twice per year. Stabilize the floor and sidewalls of the sediment forebay before making it operational, otherwise the practice will discharge excess amounts of suspended sediments. When mowing grasses, keep the grass height no greater than 6 inches. Set mower blades no lower than 3 to 4 inches. Check for signs of rilling and gullying and repair as needed. After removing the sediment, replace any vegetation damaged during the clean-out by either reseeding or resodding. When reseeding, incorporate practices such as hydroseeding with a tackifier, blanket, or similar practice to ensure that no scour occurs in the forebay, while the seeds germinate and develop roots.

Infiltration/Detention Basin: An important part of the maintenance of the infiltration basin is the maintenance of the sediment forebay. The infiltration basin shall be inspected and maintained at least twice a year, and after every time drainage discharges through the high outlet orifice. Once the basin is in use, inspect it after every major storm for the first few months to ensure it is stabilized and functioning properly and if necessary take corrective action. Note how long water remains standing in the basin after a storm; standing water within the basin 48 to 72 hours after a storm indicates that the infiltration capacity may have been overestimated. If the ponding is due to clogging, immediately address the reasons for the clogging (such as upland sediment erosion, excessive compaction of soils, or low spots). Dewatering trench valves are located in the outlet control on each infiltration basin. Sediment markers have also been added as a quick reference. Thereafter, inspect the infiltration basin at least twice per year. Important items to check during the inspection include: Signs of differential settlement; Cracking; Erosion; Leakage in the embankments; Tree growth on the embankments; Condition of riprap; Sediment accumulation and the health of the turf. At least twice a year, mow the buffer area, side slopes, and basin bottom. Remove grass clippings and accumulated organic matter to prevent an impervious organic mat from forming. Remove trash and debris at the same time. Use deep tilling to break up clogged surfaces, and revegetate immediately. Remove sediment from the basin as necessary, but wait until the floor of the basin is thoroughly dry. Use light equipment to remove the top layer so as to not compact the underlying soil. Deeply till the remaining soil, and revegetate as soon as possible. Inspect and clean pretreatment devices associated with basins at least twice a year, and ideally every other month.

**<u>Public Safety Features:</u>** Fencing will be provided around all basins to limit access to these areas. The basins have been designed to preclude standing water which will be a deterrent to mosquito breeding.

#### **Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges**

#### Long-Term Period Pollution Prevention Plan

As part of an effort to reduce or eliminate the negative impacts of stormwater runoff, Long-Term Period Pollution Prevention measures must be implemented. A long term Operation and Maintenance Plan has been described under Standard 9 for ongoing inspection and maintenance. In addition, an Operation and Maintenance Log Form was created to assist the owner. in a specific maintenance schedule.

#### **Long-Term Period Pollution Prevention Plan**

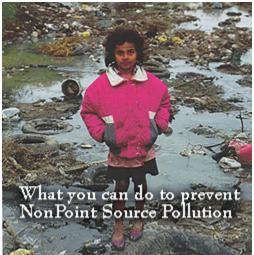
As part of an effort to reduce or eliminate the negative impacts of stormwater runoff, Long-Term Period Pollution Prevention measures must be implemented. A long term Operation and Maintenance Plan has been described under Standard 9 for ongoing inspection and maintenance. In addition, an Operation and Maintenance Log Form was created to assist the owner in a specific maintenance schedule.

Many people are not aware of Nonpoint-Source Pollution (NPS) and the effect it has on the environment. The owner will receive this report and be made aware of this information about NPS pollution prevention.

# What you can do to prevent NPS pollution

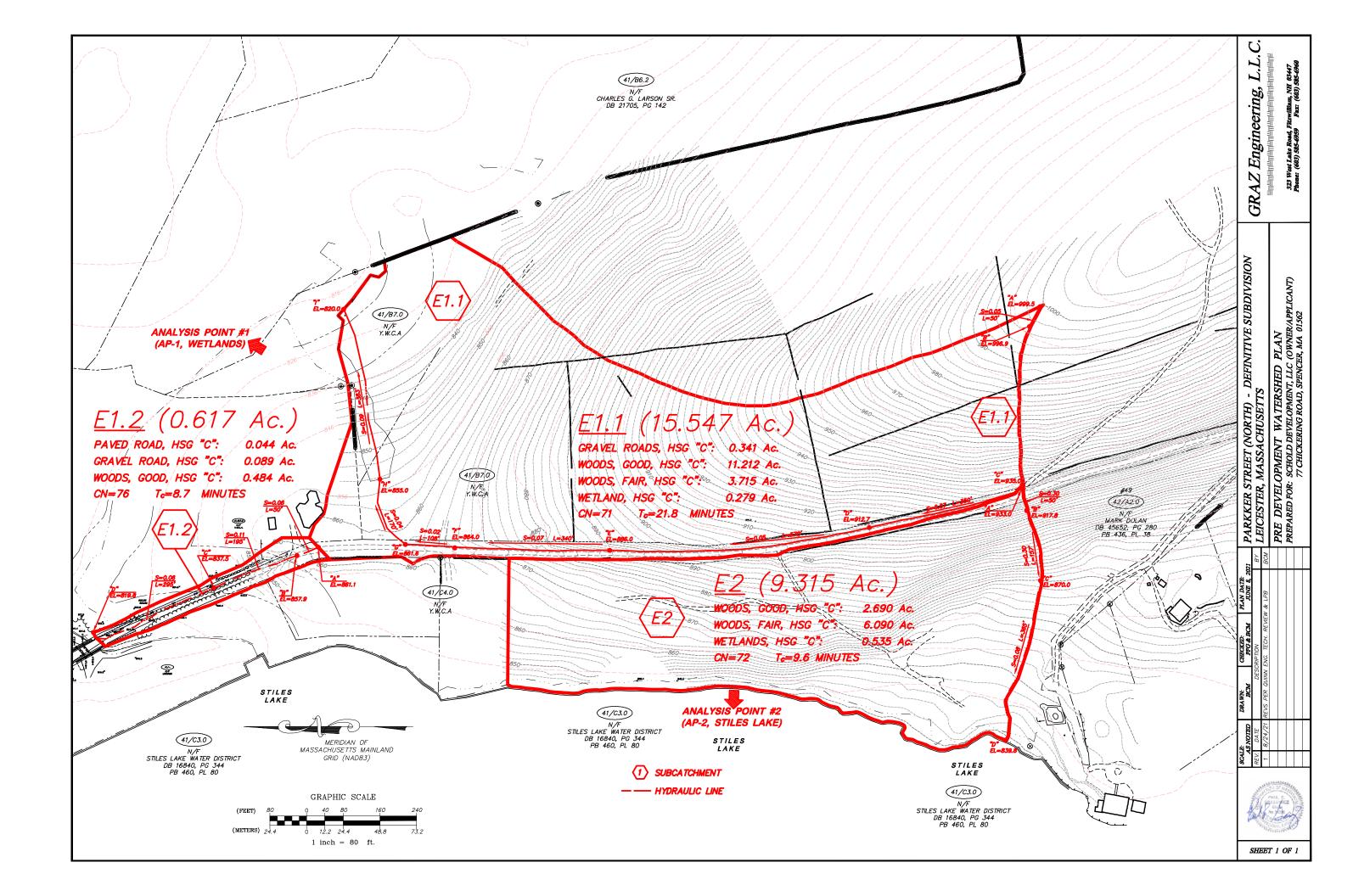
#### **Urban Stormwater Runoff**

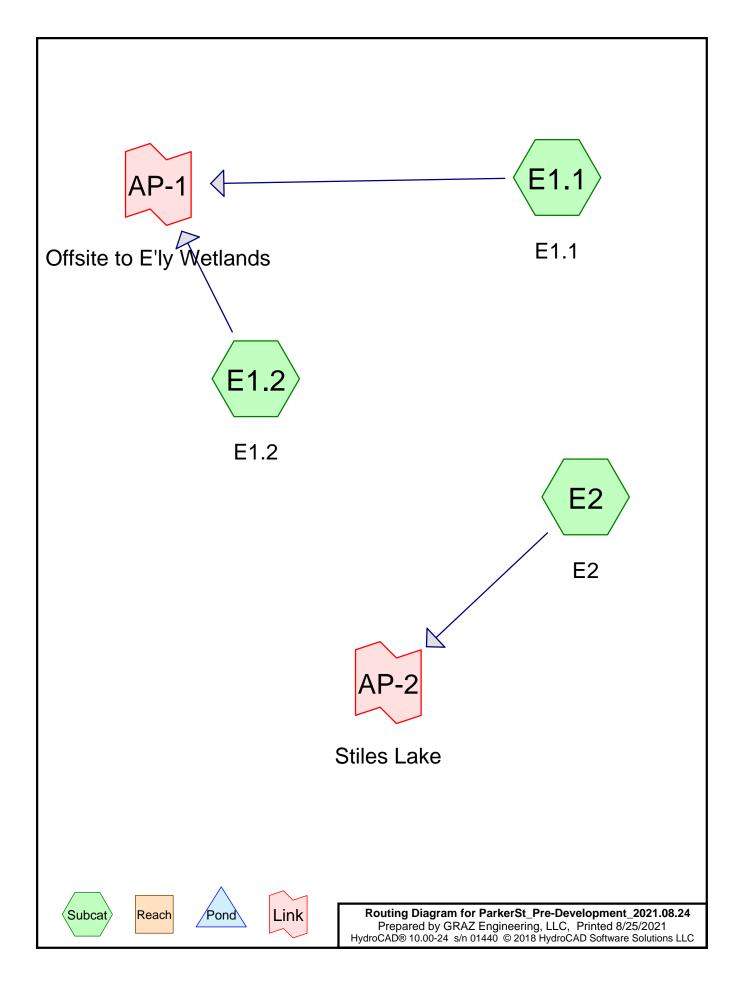
- Keep litter, pet wastes, leaves, and debris out of street gutters and storm drains--these outlets drain directly to lake, streams, rivers, and wetlands.
- Apply lawn and garden chemicals sparingly and according to directions.
- Dispose of used oil, antifreeze, paints, and other household chemicals properly, not in storm sewers or drains. If your community does not already have a program for collecting household hazardous wastes, ask your local government to establish one.
- Clean up spilled brake fluid, oil, grease, and antifreeze. Do not hose them into the street or parking lot where they can eventually reach local streams and lakes.
- Control soil erosion on your property by planting ground cover and stabilizing erosion-prone areas.



- Encourage local government officials to develop construction erosion/sediment control ordinances in your community.
- Purchase detergents and cleaners that are low in phosphorous to reduce the amount of nutrients discharged into our lakes, streams and coastal waters.

# PRE-DEVELOPMENT ANALYSIS





## ParkerSt\_Pre-Development\_2021.08.24

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# Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(sq-ft)		(subcatchment-numbers)
18,731	96	Gravel surface, HSG C (E1.1, E1.2)
1,917	98	Roadway, HSG C (E1.2)
35,458	77	Wooded Wetlands, HSG C (E1.1, E2)
427,106	73	Woods, Fair, HSG C (E1.1, E2)
626,654	70	Woods, Good, HSG C (E1.1, E1.2, E2)

#### Summary for Subcatchment E1.1: E1.1

Runoff = 9.49 cfs @ 12.33 hrs, Volume= 49,579 cf, Depth> 0.88"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall=3.21"

Area	(ac) C	N Dese	cription						
C	).341 9	96 Grav	/el surface	, HSG C					
11	.212 7	70 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C					
3	3.715 7	73 Woo	ods, Fair, F	ISG C					
<u>* (</u>	).279 7	7 Woo	ded Wetla	inds, HSG (	C				
15	15.547 71 Weighted Average								
15	5.547	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area					
_									
Tc	- 3	Slope		Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
8.8	50	0.0500	0.09		Sheet Flow, A-B				
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"				
2.7	350	0.1800	2.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C				
0.7	005	0.0700		00.00	Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
0.7	325	0.0700	7.75	23.26	Channel Flow, C-D, Ditch				
					Area= $3.0 \text{ sf Perim} = 10.5' \text{ r} = 0.29'$				
1.4	570	0.0500	6.55	19.66	n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight Channel Flow, D-E, Ditch				
1.4	570	0.0500	0.00	19.00	Area= $3.0 \text{ sf Perim} = 10.5' \text{ r} = 0.29'$				
					n = 0.022 Earth, clean & straight				
0.7	340	0.0700	7.75	23.26	Channel Flow, E-F, Ditch				
0.7	040	0.0700	1.10	20.20	Area= $3.0 \text{ sf}$ Perim= $10.5' \text{ r} = 0.29'$				
					n=0.022 Earth, clean & straight				
0.4	108	0.0200	4.14	12.43	Channel Flow, F-G, Ditch				
••••					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.5' r= 0.29'				
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight				
2.8	170	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow, G-H				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
4.3	383	0.0900	1.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, H-I				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
21.8	2 296	Total							

21.8 2,296 Total

#### Summary for Subcatchment E1.2: E1.2

Runoff = 0.84 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 2,593 cf, Depth> 1.16"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall=3.21"

Parker Street (North) Subdivison Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall=3.21" Printed 8/25/2021 HydroCAD® 10.00-24 s/n 01440 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 4

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
*	0.	044	98	Road	dway, HSC	ЭC	
	0.	089	96	Grav	el surface	, HSG C	
	0.	484	70	Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
	0.	617	76	Weig	hted Aver	age	
	0.	573	73 92.87% Pervious Area				
	0.044 7.13% Impervious Area			% Impervi	ous Area		
	_			~		•	
	Тс	Lengt		Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(fee	et)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	5.0	65	50	2.17			Direct Entry, Minimum Tc
							•

#### Summary for Subcatchment E2: E2

Runoff 8.32 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 31,562 cf, Depth> 0.93" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall=3.21"

	Area	(ac) C	N Dese	cription		
	2.	690 7	70 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
	6.	090 7	73 Woo	ds, Fair, H	ISG C	
*	0.	535 7	7 Woo	ded Wetla	nds, HSG (	0
	9.	315 7	72 Weid	ahted Aver	ade	
		315		00% Pervi		
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	•
	4.3	50	0.3000	0.19		Sheet Flow, A-B
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"
	1.0	157	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	4.3	365	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	9.6	572	Total			

### Summary for Link AP-1: Offsite to E'ly Wetlands

Inflow Area	a =	704,104 sf,	0.27% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > (	0.89" for 2 yr event
Inflow	=	9.85 cfs @	12.33 hrs, Volume=	52,172 cf	-
Primary	=	9.85 cfs @	12.33 hrs, Volume=	52,172 cf,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 1.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

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### Summary for Link AP-2: Stiles Lake

Inflow Are	a =	405,761 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 0.93" for 2 yr event
Inflow	=	8.32 cfs @ 1	12.15 hrs, Volume=	31,562 cf
Primary	=	8.32 cfs @ 1	12.15 hrs, Volume=	31,562 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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#### Summary for Subcatchment E1.1: E1.1

Runoff = 22.88 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 110,816 cf, Depth> 1.96"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.81"

Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
0.	341 9	6 Grav	el surface	, HSG C	
11.	212 7	'0 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
			ds, Fair, H		
<u>* 0.</u>	<u>279 7</u>	7 Woo	ded Wetla	<u>nds, HSG (</u>	<u> </u>
-	-		ghted Aver		
15.	547	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
То	Longth	Slope	Volocity	Conocity	Description
Tc (min)	Length	Slope (ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	(feet)			(015)	Check Flow, A.D.
8.8	50	0.0500	0.09		Sheet Flow, A-B Woode: Light underbruch n= 0.400 B2= 3.00"
2.7	350	0.1800	2.12		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00" Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
2.7	350	0.1600	2.12		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.7	325	0.0700	7.75	23.26	Channel Flow, C-D, Ditch
0.7	525	0.0700	1.15	25.20	Area= $3.0 \text{ sf}$ Perim= $10.5' \text{ r} = 0.29'$
					n=0.022 Earth, clean & straight
1.4	570	0.0500	6.55	19.66	Channel Flow, D-E, Ditch
	010	0.0000	0.00	10.00	Area= $3.0 \text{ sf}$ Perim= $10.5' \text{ r} = 0.29'$
					n = 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
0.7	340	0.0700	7.75	23.26	Channel Flow, E-F, Ditch
••••					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.5' r= 0.29'
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
0.4	108	0.0200	4.14	12.43	Channel Flow, F-G, Ditch
					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.5' r= 0.29'
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
2.8	170	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow, G-H
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
4.3	383	0.0900	1.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, H-I
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
21.8	2,296	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment E1.2: E1.2

Runoff = 1.78 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 5,325 cf, Depth> 2.38"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.81" ParkerSt\_Pre-Development\_2021.08.24 Prepared by GRAZ Engineering, LLC

Parker Street (North) Subdivison Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.81" Printed 8/25/2021 HydroCAD® 10.00-24 s/n 01440 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 7

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
*	0.	044	98	Road	dway, HSG	G C	
	0.	089	96	Grav	el surface	, HSG C	
	0.	484	70	Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
	0.	617	76	Weig	phted Aver	age	
	0.573 92.87% Pervious Area		us Area				
	0.	044		7.13	% Impervie	ous Area	
	_						
	Tc	Leng		Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(fee	et)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	5.0	65	50		2.17		Direct Entry, Minimum Tc

5.0	650	2.17	Direct Entry,	Minimum T
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#### Summary for Subcatchment E2: E2

Runoff 19.53 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 69,253 cf, Depth> 2.05" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.81"

_	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
	2.	690 7	'0 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
	6.	090 7	'3 Woo	ds, Fair, H	ISG C	
*	0.	535 7	7 Woo	ded Wetla	nds, HSG (	C
	9.	315 7	2 Weid	phted Aver	ade	
	-	315		00% Pervi		
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	•
	4.3	50	0.3000	0.19		Sheet Flow, A-B
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"
	1.0	157	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	4.3	365	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	9.6	572	Total			

#### Summary for Link AP-1: Offsite to E'ly Wetlands

Inflow Are	a =	704,104 sf,	0.27% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 1.98"	for 10 yr event
Inflow	=	23.60 cfs @	12.31 hrs, Volume=	116,141 cf	-
Primary	=	23.60 cfs @	12.31 hrs, Volume=	116,141 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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### Summary for Link AP-2: Stiles Lake

Inflow Area =		405,761 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 2.05'	for 10 yr event
Inflow	=	19.53 cfs @ 1	2.14 hrs, Volume=	69,253 cf	
Primary	=	19.53 cfs @ 1	2.14 hrs, Volume=	69,253 cf, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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#### Summary for Subcatchment E1.1: E1.1

Runoff = 34.81 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 165,979 cf, Depth> 2.94"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 yr Rainfall=6.07"

Area	(ac) C	N Dese	cription		
0.	341 9	6 Grav	el surface	, HSG C	
11.	212 7	'0 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
3.	715 7	'3 Woo	ds, Fair, ⊦	ISG C	
* 0.	279 7	7 Woo	ded Wetla	nds, HSG (	C
15.	547 7	'1 Weid	phted Aver	ade	
15.	547		00% Pervi	0	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
8.8	50	0.0500	0.09		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"
2.7	350	0.1800	2.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Woodland $Kv = 5.0 \text{ fps}$
0.7	325	0.0700	7.75	23.26	Channel Flow, C-D, Ditch
					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.5' r= 0.29'
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
1.4	570	0.0500	6.55	19.66	Channel Flow, D-E, Ditch
					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.5' r= 0.29'
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
0.7	340	0.0700	7.75	23.26	Channel Flow, E-F, Ditch
					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.5' r= 0.29'
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
0.4	108	0.0200	4.14	12.43	Channel Flow, F-G, Ditch
					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.5' r= 0.29'
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
2.8	170	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow, G-H
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
4.3	383	0.0900	1.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, H-I
-					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
21.8	2,296	Total			
21.0	2,200	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment E1.2: E1.2

Runoff = 2.58 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 7,699 cf, Depth> 3.44"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 yr Rainfall=6.07"

#### ParkerSt\_Pre-Development\_2021.08.24 Prepared by GRAZ Engineering, LLC

Area	(ac)	CN					
0.	044	98					
0.	089	96	Grav	el surface	, HSG C		
0.	484	70	Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C		
0.	617	76	Weig	hted Aver	age		
0.	573		92.8	7% Pervio	us Area		
0.044		7.13% Impervious Area					
_			<b>.</b> .		•	<b>—</b> • • •	
-	0					Description	
<u>(min)</u>	(fee	t)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
5.0	65	0		2.17		Direct Entry, Minimum Tc	
	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. Tc (min)	Tc Lengt (min) (fee	0.044 98 0.089 96 0.484 70 0.617 76 0.573 0.044 Tc Length (min) (feet)	0.044 98 Road 0.089 96 Grav 0.484 70 Woo 0.617 76 Weig 0.573 92.8 0.044 7.139 Tc Length Slope (min) (feet) (ft/ft)	0.044 98 Roadway, HSG 0.089 96 Gravel surface 0.484 70 Woods, Good, 0.617 76 Weighted Aver 0.573 92.87% Pervio 0.044 7.13% Impervio Tc Length Slope Velocity (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec)	0.04498Roadway, HSG C0.08996Gravel surface, HSG C0.48470Woods, Good, HSG C0.61776Weighted Average0.57392.87% Pervious Area0.0447.13% Impervious AreaTcLengthSlopeVelocityCapacity(ft/ft)(ft/sec)(cfs)	0.04498Roadway, HSG C0.08996Gravel surface, HSG C0.48470Woods, Good, HSG C0.61776Weighted Average0.57392.87% Pervious Area0.0447.13% Impervious AreaTcLengthSlopeVelocityCapacityDescription(min)(feet)(ft/ft)

#### Summary for Subcatchment E2: E2

Runoff = 29.40 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume=	102,943 cf, Depth> 3.04"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 yr Rainfall=6.07"

	Area	(ac) C	N Dese	cription		
	2.	690 7	70 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
	6.	090 7	73 Woo	ds, Fair, H	ISG C	
*	0.	535 7	7 Woo	ded Wetla	nds, HSG (	C
	9.	315 7	72 Weid	ghted Aver	ade	
	9.	315		00% Pervi		
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	4.3	50	0.3000	0.19		Sheet Flow, A-B
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"
	1.0	157	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	4.3	365	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	9.6	572	Total			

## Summary for Link AP-1: Offsite to E'ly Wetlands

Inflow Are	a =	704,104 sf,	0.27% Impervious,	Inflow Depth >	2.96"	for 25 yr event
Inflow	=	35.83 cfs @ 1	12.30 hrs, Volume=	173,678 cf	f	-
Primary	=	35.83 cfs @	12.30 hrs, Volume=	173,678 cf	f, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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### Summary for Link AP-2: Stiles Lake

Inflow Area =		405,761 sf, 0.0	0% Impervious,	Inflow Depth >	3.04"	for 25 yr event
Inflow	=	29.40 cfs @ 12.14	hrs, Volume=	102,943 c	f	
Primary	=	29.40 cfs @ 12.14	hrs, Volume=	102,943 c	f, Atten	= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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#### Summary for Subcatchment E1.1: E1.1

Runoff = 6	60.87 cfs @	12.30 hrs,	Volume=	288,813 cf,	Depth>	5.12"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 yr Rainfall=8.64"

Area	(ac) C	N Dese	cription						
0	.341 9	6 Grav	el surface	, HSG C					
11	.212 7	'0 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C					
3	.715 7	'3 Woo	ds, Fair, F	ISG C					
* 0	.279 7	7 Woo	ded Wetla	nds, HSG (	C				
15.547 71 Weighted Average									
15.547 100.00% Pervious Area									
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
8.8	50	0.0500	0.09	× /	Sheet Flow, A-B				
0.0		0.0000	0.00		Woods: Light underbrush $n=0.400$ P2= 3.00"				
2.7	350	0.1800	2.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
0.7	325	0.0700	7.75	23.26	Channel Flow, C-D, Ditch				
••••					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.5' r= 0.29'				
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight				
1.4	570	0.0500	6.55	19.66	Channel Flow, D-E, Ditch				
					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.5' r= 0.29'				
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight				
0.7	340	0.0700	7.75	23.26	Channel Flow, E-F, Ditch				
					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.5' r= 0.29'				
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight				
0.4	108	0.0200	4.14	12.43	Channel Flow, F-G, Ditch				
					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.5' r= 0.29'				
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight				
2.8	170	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow, G-H				
		2.0.00			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
4.3	383	0.0900	1.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, H-I				
		2.0000			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
21.8	2,296	Total							
21.0	2,200	10101							

Summary for Subcatchment E1.2: E1.2

Runoff = 4.27 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 12,853 cf, Depth> 5.74"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 yr Rainfall=8.64"

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	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
*	0.	044	98	Road	dway, HSG	G C	
	0.	.089	96	Grav	el surface	, HSG C	
	0.	.484	70	Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
	0.	617	76	Weig	hted Aver	age	
	0.	573		92.8	7% Pervio	us Area	
	0.	.044		7.13	% Impervi	ous Area	
	-			0		0	
	TC	Leng		Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(fee	et)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	5.0	65	50		2.17		Direct Entry, Minimum Tc

#### Summary for Subcatchment E2: E2

Runoff = 50.79 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 177,549 cf, Depth> 5.25"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 yr Rainfall=8.64"

	Area	(ac) C	N Dese	cription		
	2.	690 7	70 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
	6.	090 7	73 Woo	ds, Fair, H	ISG C	
*	0.	535 7	77 Woo	ded Wetla	nds, HSG (	C
	9.	315 7	72 Weid	phted Aver	ade	
	-	315		00% Pervi		
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	· · ·
	4.3	50	0.3000	0.19		Sheet Flow, A-B
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"
	1.0	157	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	4.3	365	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	9.6	572	Total			

## Summary for Link AP-1: Offsite to E'ly Wetlands

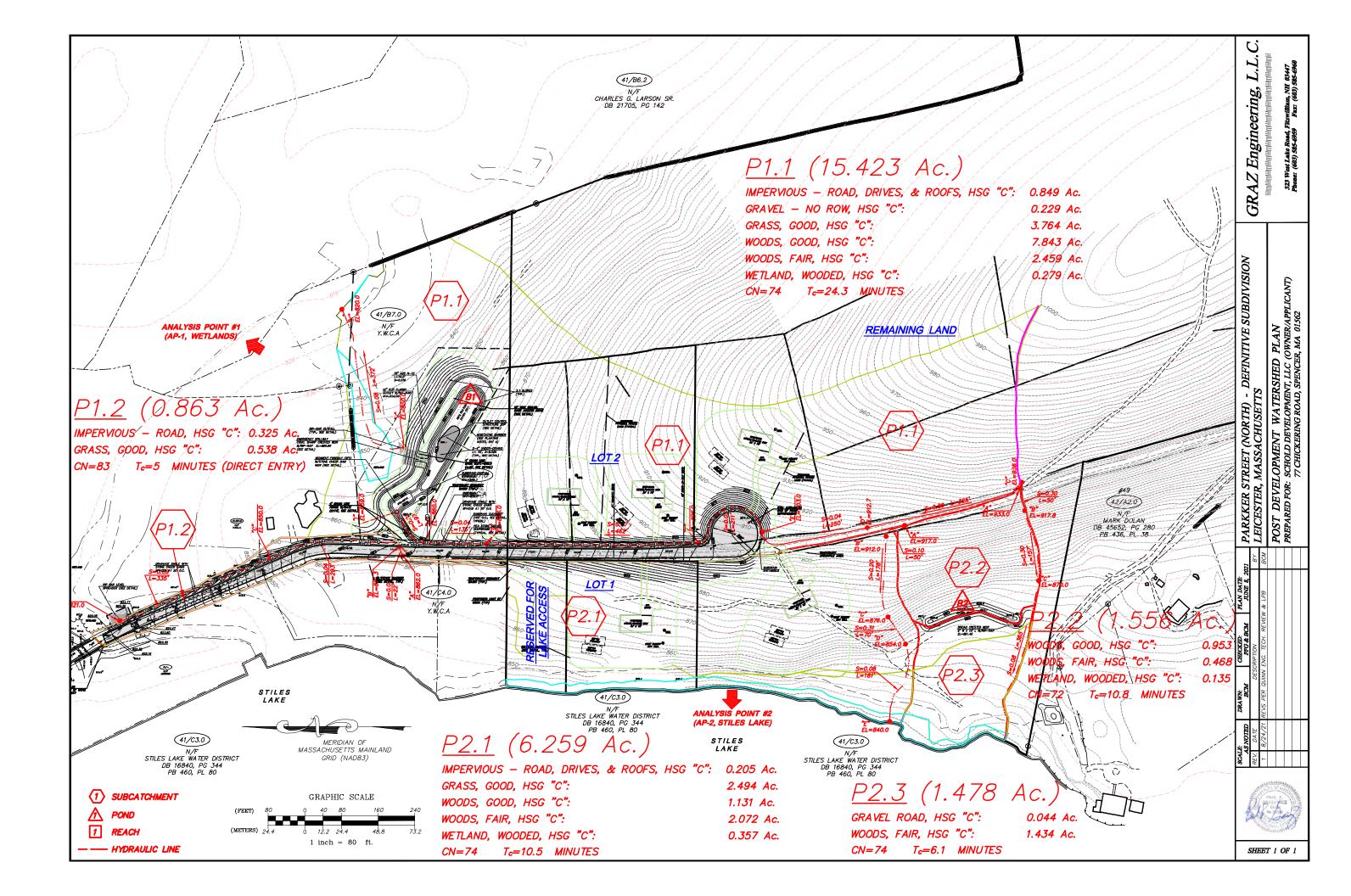
Inflow Are	a =	704,104 sf,	0.27% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 5.14"	for 100 yr event
Inflow	=	62.54 cfs @ 1	12.29 hrs, Volume=	301,666 cf	
Primary	=	62.54 cfs @ 1	12.29 hrs, Volume=	301,666 cf, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

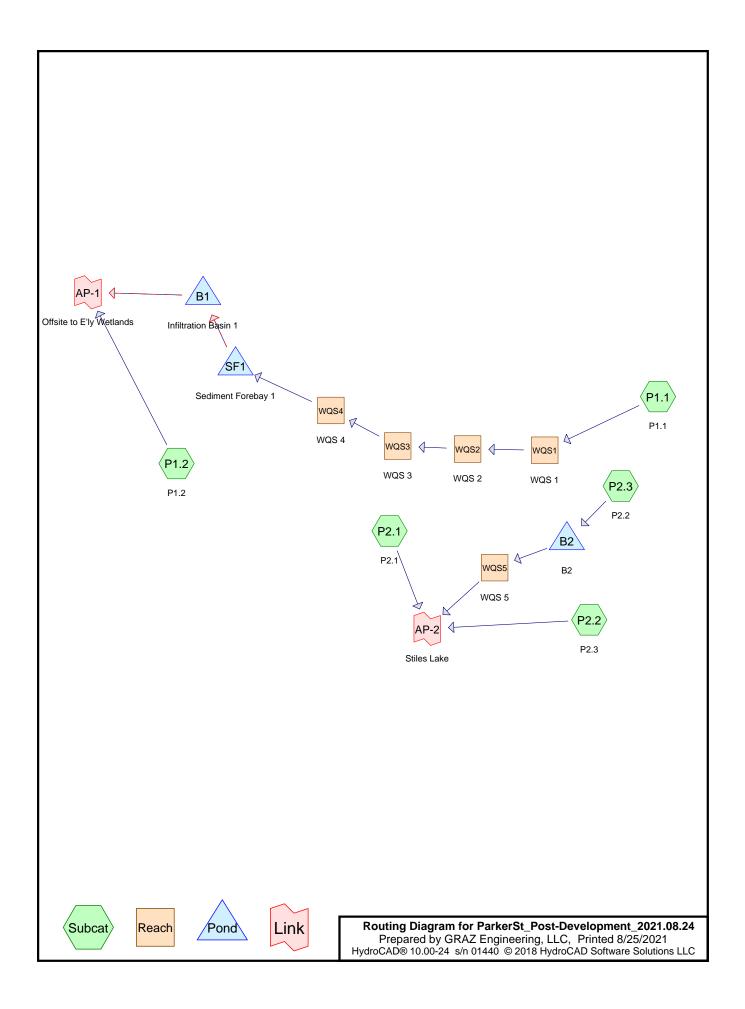
ParkerSt\_Pre-Development\_2021.08.24Type III 24-hrPrepared by GRAZ Engineering, LLCHydroCAD® 10.00-24 s/n 01440 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

# Summary for Link AP-2: Stiles Lake

Inflow Are	a =	405,761 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 5.25" for 100 yr event
Inflow	=	50.79 cfs @ 1	2.13 hrs, Volume=	177,549 cf
Primary	=	50.79 cfs @ 1	2.13 hrs, Volume=	177,549 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

# POST-DEVELOPMENT ANALYSIS





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## Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(sq-ft)		(subcatchment-numbers)
296,034	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (P1.1, P1.2, P2.1)
1,917	96	Gravel road, HSG C (P2.3)
9,975	96	Gravel surface, HSG C (P1.1)
14,157	98	Paved Roadway, HSG C (P1.2)
45,912	98	Pavement & Roofs, HSG C (P1.1, P2.1)
33,585	77	Wooded Wetlands, HSG C (P1.1, P2.1, P2.2)
280,221	73	Woods, Fair, HSG C (P1.1, P2.1, P2.2, P2.3)
432,420	70	Woods, Good, HSG C (P1.1, P2.1, P2.2)

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#### Summary for Subcatchment P1.1: P1.1

Runoff = 11.05 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 58,456 cf, Depth= 1.04"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall=3.21"

	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
*	0.	849 9	8 Pave	ement & R	oofs, HSG	С
				el surface		
					over, Good	, HSG C
				ds, Good,		
				ds, Fair, H		
					nds, HSG (	
				phted Aver		
		574		0% Pervio		
	0.	849	5.50	% Impervi	ous Area	
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Description
	15.7	92	0.0400	0.10	(0.0)	Sheet Flow, A-B
	10.7	02	0.0100	0.10		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"
	1.3	702	0.1000	9.33	27.98	Channel Flow, B-C, Ditch
						Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.4' r= 0.29'
						n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
	0.7	325	0.0600	7.22	21.67	Channel Flow, C-D, Ditch
						Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.4' r= 0.29'
						n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
	0.7	250	0.0400	5.90	17.69	Channel Flow, D-E, Ditch
						Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.4' r= 0.29'
	0 5	044	0 0000	0.74	70.00	n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
	0.5	211	0.0300	6.71	73.82	Channel Flow, E-F, Swale
						Area= 11.0 sf Perim= 20.9' r= 0.53' n= 0.025 Earth, clean & winding
	0.7	462	0.0700	11.65	128.15	Channel Flow, F-G, Swale
	0.7	402	0.0700	11.05	120.15	Area= 11.0 sf Perim= 20.9' r= 0.53'
						n=0.022 Earth, clean & straight
	0.3	135	0.0400	8.81	96.87	Channel Flow, G-H, Swale
						Area= 11.0 sf Perim= 20.9' r= 0.53'
						n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
	4.4	372	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, J-K, Wetland
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	04.0	0 5 4 0	<b>T</b> . ( . )			

24.3 2,549 Total

#### Summary for Subcatchment P1.2: P1.2

Runoff = 1.63 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 5,067 cf, Depth= 1.62"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall=3.21"

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
*	0.	.325	98	Pave	ed Roadwa	ay, HSG C	
_	0.	.538	74	>75%	% Grass co	over, Good	HSG C
	0.	.863	83	Weig	phted Aver	age	
	0.	.538		62.3	4% Pervio	us Area	
	0.	.325		37.6	6% Imperv	vious Area	
	Tc (min)	Lengt (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	6.0	65	50		1.81		Direct Entry, Minimum Tc

#### Summary for Subcatchment P2.1: P2.1

Runoff = 6.21 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 23,723 cf, Depth= 1.04"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall=3.21"

	A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description		
*		8,930	98 I	Pavement 8	& Roofs, HS	SG C
	1	08,639	74 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C
		49,266	70	Noods, Go	od, HSG C	
		90,256	73	Noods, Fai	r, HSG C	
*		15,551	77 \	Nooded We	etlands, HS	SG C
	2	72,642	74	Neighted A	verage	
	2	63,712	ę	96.72% Pei	vious Area	
		8,930	:	3.28% Impe	ervious Area	a
	Тс	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	6.7	50	0.1000	0.12		Sheet Flow, A-B
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"
	1.3	178	0.2000	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.4	70	0.3100	2.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
	o (	404				Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	2.1	181	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	10.5	479	Total			

## Summary for Subcatchment P2.2: P2.3

Runoff = 1.34 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 5,286 cf, Depth= 0.94"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall=3.21"

Parker Street (North) Subdivison *Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall*=3.21" Printed 8/25/2021 C Page 5

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Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
0.	.953 7	70 Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
0.	.468 7	73 Woo	ds, Fair, ⊦	ISG C	
<u>* 0</u> .	.135 7	77 Woo	ded Wetla	nds, HSG	С
1.	.556 7	2 Weig	ghted Aver	age	
1.	.556	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
7.3	50	0.0800	0.11		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"
3.5	300	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
10.8	350	Total			·
			Summ	nary for S	Subcatchment P2.3: P2.2
			Canin		
Runoff	=	1.71 cfs	s@ 12.1	0 hrs, Volu	ume= 5,602 cf, Depth= 1.04"
					·
Runoff b	y SCS TH	R-20 meth	nod, UH=S	SCS, Weigh	ted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
Type III 2	24-hr 2 y	r Rainfall:	=3.21"		
Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
* 0.	.044 9	96 Grav	/el road, H	SG C	
1.	.434 7	73 Woo	ds, Fair, ⊦	ISG C	
1.	.478 7	74 Weid	ghted Aver	age	
	.478		00% Pervi		
	-				
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
4.3	50	0.3000	0.19	<u> </u>	Sheet Flow, A-B
1.0	00	0.0000	0.10		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"
1.0	157	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
	101	5.0000	2.1.7		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.8	65	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
0.0	00	0.0000	1.71		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
61	272	Total			

6.1 272 Total

## Summary for Reach WQS1: WQS 1

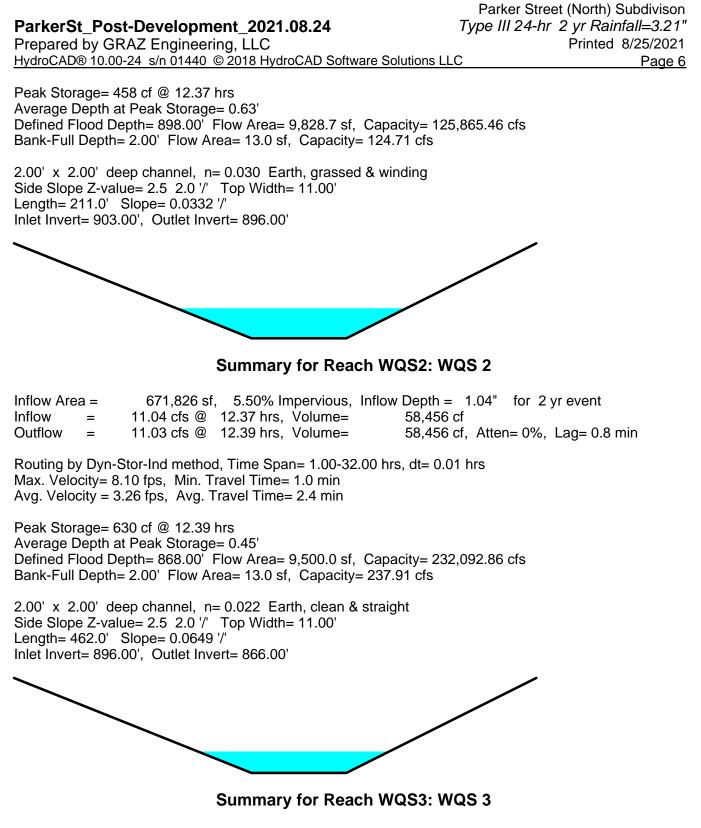
 Inflow Area =
 671,826 sf, 5.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.04" for 2 yr event

 Inflow =
 11.05 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume=
 58,456 cf

 Outflow =
 11.04 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume=
 58,456 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.5 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 5.09 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.7 min Avg. Velocity = 2.12 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 1.7 min

08.24



Inflow Are	ea =	671,826 sf,	5.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.04"	for 2 yr event
Inflow	=	11.03 cfs @ 1	12.39 hrs, Volume=	58,456 cf	
Outflow	=	11.03 cfs @ 1	12.39 hrs, Volume=	58,456 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.2 min

Parker Street (North) Subdivison Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall=3.21" Printed 8/25/2021 C Page 7

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Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 7.07 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.3 min Avg. Velocity = 2.86 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.8 min

Peak Storage= 211 cf @ 12.39 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.50' Defined Flood Depth= 862.00' Flow Area= 9,434.3 sf, Capacity= 190,684.13 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 13.0 sf, Capacity= 196.83 cfs

2.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight Side Slope Z-value= 2.5 2.0 '/' Top Width= 11.00' Length= 135.0' Slope= 0.0444 '/' Inlet Invert= 866.00', Outlet Invert= 860.00'

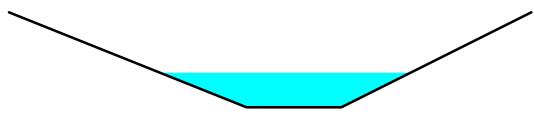
Summary for Reach WQS4: WQS 4

Inflow Are	a =	671,826 sf,	5.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.04"	for 2 yr event
Inflow	=	11.03 cfs @ 1	12.39 hrs, Volume=	58,456 cf	•
Outflow	=	11.03 cfs @ 1	12.40 hrs, Volume=	58,456 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.3 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 4.17 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.4 min Avg. Velocity = 1.74 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.9 min

Peak Storage= 257 cf @ 12.40 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.73' Defined Flood Depth= 861.00' Flow Area= 9,423.3 sf, Capacity= 91,730.80 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 13.0 sf, Capacity= 94.80 cfs

2.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight Side Slope Z-value= 2.5 2.0 '/' Top Width= 11.00' Length= 97.0' Slope= 0.0103 '/' Inlet Invert= 860.00', Outlet Invert= 859.00'



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#### Summary for Reach WQS5: WQS 5

Inflow Area = 64,382 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.27" for 2 yr event 0.10 cfs @ 14.54 hrs, Volume= Inflow 1.436 cf = 1,436 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 2.0 min 0.10 cfs @ 14.57 hrs, Volume= Outflow \_ Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 1.73 fps, Min. Travel Time= 2.9 min Avg. Velocity = 1.08 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 4.6 min Peak Storage= 18 cf @ 14.57 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.05' Defined Flood Depth= 898.00' Flow Area= 3,577.4 sf, Capacity= 35,446.98 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 0.75' Flow Area= 1.9 sf, Capacity= 13.84 cfs 1.00' x 0.75' deep channel, n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Side Slope Z-value= 2.0 '/' Top Width= 4.00' Length= 300.0' Slope= 0.0683 '/' Inlet Invert= 860.00', Outlet Invert= 839.50' Summary for Pond B1: Infiltration Basin 1 Inflow Area = 671,826 sf, 5.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.00" for 2 yr event Inflow 10.99 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 56,079 cf = Outflow 7.67 cfs @ 12.69 hrs, Volume= 54,597 cf, Atten= 30%, Lag= 16.1 min = 0.05 cfs @ 12.69 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 2.612 cf Primarv 7.62 cfs @ 12.69 hrs, Volume= 51.985 cf = Secondary = 0.00 cfs @ 1.00 hrs. Volume= 0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 858.66' @ 12.69 hrs Surf.Area= 8,637 sf Storage= 10,812 cf Flood Elev= 862.30' Surf.Area= 30,981 sf Storage= 57,262 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 65.5 min calculated for 54,597 cf (97% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 50.7 min (944.1 - 893.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	856.50'	57,262 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)

Parker Street (North) Subdivison Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall=3.21" Printed 8/25/2021 Page 9

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Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
856.	50	0	0	0	
857.0	00	2,211	553	553	
858.0	00	7,592	4,902	5,454	
859.0	00	9,175	8,384	13,838	
860.0		10,816	9,996	23,833	
861.0		12,512	11,664	35,497	
862.0		16,710	14,611	50,108	
862.3	30	30,981	7,154	57,262	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
	U				
#1	Primary	851.20'	24.0" Round	Culvert	
#1			<b>24.0" Round</b> L= 74.0' CPP Inlet / Outlet In	<b>Culvert</b> , square edge l vert= 851.20' /	neadwall, Ke= 0.500 850.00' S= 0.0162 '/' Cc= 0.900 poth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#1			<b>24.0" Round</b> L= 74.0' CPP Inlet / Outlet In n= 0.013 Corr	Culvert , square edge I vert= 851.20' / ugated PE, sm 0' rise Sharp-(	850.00' S= 0.0162 '/' Cc= 0.900
	Primary	851.20'	24.0" Round ( L= 74.0' CPP Inlet / Outlet In n= 0.013 Corr 70.0 deg x 2.3 Cv= 2.52 (C= 3 1.2" x 7.3" Ho	Culvert , square edge I vert= 851.20' / ugated PE, sm 0' rise Sharp-( 3.15) riz. Orifice/Gra 0.600 in 25.7" >	850.00' S= 0.0162 '/' Cc= 0.900 both interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf Crested Vee/Trap Weir X 2.00 ate X 3.00 columns a 25.7" Grate (44% open area)
#2	Primary Device 1	851.20' 857.30' 860.60'	24.0" Round d L= 74.0' CPP Inlet / Outlet In n= 0.013 Corr 70.0 deg x 2.3 Cv= 2.52 (C= 3 1.2" x 7.3" Ho X 11 rows C= 0 Limited to weir	Culvert , square edge I vert= 851.20' / ugated PE, sm 0' rise Sharp-( 3.15) riz. Orifice/Gra 0.600 in 25.7" > flow at low hea 0' long x 1.00'	850.00' S= 0.0162 '/' Cc= 0.900 both interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf Crested Vee/Trap Weir X 2.00 ate X 3.00 columns a 25.7" Grate (44% open area)

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.05 cfs @ 12.69 hrs HW=858.66' (Free Discharge) **5=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.05 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=7.61 cfs @ 12.69 hrs HW=858.66' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Passes 7.61 cfs of 38.45 cfs potential flow)

-2=Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir (Weir Controls 7.61 cfs @ 2.94 fps)

-3=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 1.00 hrs HW=856.50' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 4=Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

## Summary for Pond B2: B2

Inflow Area =	64,382 sf, 0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.04" for 2 yr event
Inflow =	1.71 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	5,602 cf
Outflow =	0.12 cfs @ 14.54 hrs, Volume=	2,801 cf, Atten= 93%, Lag= 146.6 min
Discarded =	0.02 cfs @ 14.54 hrs, Volume=	1,365 cf
Primary =	0.10 cfs @ 14.54 hrs, Volume=	1,436 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 861.44' @ 14.54 hrs Surf.Area= 3,109 sf Storage= 3,420 cf Flood Elev= 862.50' Surf.Area= 4,538 sf Storage= 7,477 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 433.7 min calculated for 2,801 cf (50% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 302.8 min (1,164.7 - 862.0)

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	•	n 01440 © 2018	HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC	
Volumo	Invort		Storago Description	

Volume	Inv	vert Ava	il.Storage	Storage	Description	
#1	859.	50'	7,477 cf	Custom	n Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio		Surf.Area (sq-ft)		c.Store ic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
859.5	50	0		0	0	
860.0	00	1,226		307	307	
862.0	00	3,848		5,074	5,381	
862.5	50	4,538		2,097	7,477	
Device	Routing	In	vert Out	let Device	S	
#1	Primary	861				oad-Crested Rectangular Weir
#2	Discard	ed 859	Coe	ef. (Englisł		0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 .70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64 Surface area

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.02 cfs @ 14.54 hrs HW=861.44' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.10 cfs @ 14.54 hrs HW=861.44' TW=860.05' (Dynamic Tailwater) ↑ 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.10 cfs @ 0.48 fps)

## Summary for Pond SF1: Sediment Forebay 1

Inflow Area =	671,826 sf,	5.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = $1.04$ " for 2 yr event	
Inflow =	11.03 cfs @	12.40 hrs, Volume=	58,456 cf	
Outflow =	10.99 cfs @	12.42 hrs, Volume=	56,079 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 1.3	3 min
Primary =	10.99 cfs @	12.42 hrs, Volume=	56,079 cf	
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @	1.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 860.83' @ 12.42 hrs Surf.Area= 2,579 sf Storage= 3,573 cf Flood Elev= 862.00' Surf.Area= 4,327 sf Storage= 7,539 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 32.5 min calculated for 56,060 cf (96% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 10.4 min (893.3 - 882.9)

Volume	Invert Av	ail.Storage	Storage	e Description	
#1	857.80'	7,539 cf	Custor	n Stage Data (Pr	ismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation	Surf.Area	ı Inc	.Store	Cum.Store	
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubi	c-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
857.80	C	)	0	0	
858.00	416	5	42	42	
859.00	804	ļ	610	652	
860.00	1,588	5	1,196	1,848	
861.00	2,784	Ļ	2,186	4,034	
861.50	3,456	5	1,560	5,594	
862.00	4,327	•	1,946	7,539	

Parker Street (North) Subdivison *Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall=3.21"* Printed 8/25/2021 C Page 11

# ParkerSt\_Post-Development\_2021.08.24

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	860.30'	143.1 deg x 8.0' long Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir
			Cv= 2.47 (C= 3.09)
#2	Secondary	861.30'	12.0' long x 1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
	-		Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00
			Coef. (English) 2.69 2.72 2.75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31
			3.30 3.31 3.32
			Coef. (English) 2.69 2.72 2.75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31

Primary OutFlow Max=10.99 cfs @ 12.42 hrs HW=860.83' TW=858.27' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir** (Weir Controls 10.99 cfs @ 2.17 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 1.00 hrs HW=857.80' TW=856.50' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

#### Summary for Link AP-1: Offsite to E'ly Wetlands

Inflow Area	a =	709,418 sf,	7.21% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.97"	for 2 yr event
Inflow	=	7.84 cfs @	12.68 hrs, Volume=	57,052 cf	
Primary	=	7.84 cfs @	12.68 hrs, Volume=	57,052 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

#### Summary for Link AP-2: Stiles Lake

Inflow Area	a =	404,803 sf,	2.21% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.90"	for 2 yr event
Inflow	=	7.54 cfs @ 1	12.16 hrs, Volume=	30,445 cf	
Primary	=	7.54 cfs @ 1	12.16 hrs, Volume=	30,445 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

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#### Summary for Subcatchment P1.1: P1.1

Runoff = 24.66 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 123,933 cf, Depth= 2.21"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.81"

	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
*	0.	849 9	8 Pave	ement & R	oofs, HSG	C
	0.	229 9	6 Grav	el surface	, HSG C	
					over, Good,	, HSG C
				ds, Good,		
				ds, Fair, H		
*					nds, HSG (	C
		-		phted Aver		
		574		0% Pervio		
	0.	849	5.50	% Impervi	ous Area	
	То	Longth	Slope	Valagity	Conocity	Description
(	Tc min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	<u>min)</u> 15.7	<u>(ieet)</u> 92	0.0400	<u>(ft/sec)</u> 0.10	(015)	Chast Flow A P
	15.7	92	0.0400	0.10		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"
	1.3	702	0.1000	9.33	27.98	Channel Flow, B-C, Ditch
	1.5	102	0.1000	9.55	27.90	Area= $3.0 \text{ sf Perim} = 10.4' \text{ r} = 0.29'$
						n=0.022 Earth, clean & straight
	0.7	325	0.0600	7.22	21.67	Channel Flow, C-D, Ditch
	0.1	020	0.0000	1.22	21.07	Area= $3.0 \text{ sf Perim} = 10.4' \text{ r} = 0.29'$
						n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
	0.7	250	0.0400	5.90	17.69	Channel Flow, D-E, Ditch
	-					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.4' r= 0.29'
						n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
	0.5	211	0.0300	6.71	73.82	Channel Flow, E-F, Swale
						Area= 11.0 sf Perim= 20.9' r= 0.53'
						n= 0.025 Earth, clean & winding
	0.7	462	0.0700	11.65	128.15	Channel Flow, F-G, Swale
						Area= 11.0 sf Perim= 20.9' r= 0.53'
						n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
	0.3	135	0.0400	8.81	96.87	Channel Flow, G-H, Swale
						Area= 11.0 sf Perim= 20.9' r= 0.53'
			0 0000			n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight
	4.4	372	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, J-K, Wetland
	04.0	0.540	Tatal			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

24.3 2,549 Total

#### Summary for Subcatchment P1.2: P1.2

Runoff = 3.03 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 9,407 cf, Depth= 3.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.81"

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	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	ription		
*	0	325	98	Pave	d Roadwa	ay, HSG C	
_	0.	.538	74	>75%	6 Grass co	over, Good,	, HSG C
	0	863	83	Weig	hted Aver	age	
	0.	538		62.34	4% Pervio	us Area	
	0	325		37.6	5% Imperv	vious Area	
	Tc (min)	Lengt (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	6.0	65	0		1.81		Direct Entry, Minimum Tc

#### Summary for Subcatchment P2.1: P2.1

Runoff = 13.85 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 50,295 cf, Depth= 2.21"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.81"

	A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description					
*		8,930	98 F	Pavement & Roofs, HSG C					
	1	08,639	74 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C			
		49,266	70 \	Voods, Go	od, HSG C				
		90,256	73 \	Voods, Fai	r, HSG C				
*		15,551	77 \	Nooded W	etlands, HS	SG C			
	2	72,642	74 \	Veighted A	verage				
	2	63,712	-		vious Area				
		8,930	3	3.28% Impe	ervious Area	а			
	_								
	ŢĊ	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	6.7	50	0.1000	0.12		Sheet Flow, A-B			
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"			
	1.3	178	0.2000	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C			
	~ .					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	0.4	70	0.3100	2.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D			
	0.4	404	0 0000	4 44		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	2.1	181	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
			<b>-</b>			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	10.5	479	Total						

## Summary for Subcatchment P2.2: P2.3

Runoff = 3.14 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 11,594 cf, Depth= 2.05"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.81"

Parker Street (North) Subdivison Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.81" Printed 8/25/2021 Page 14

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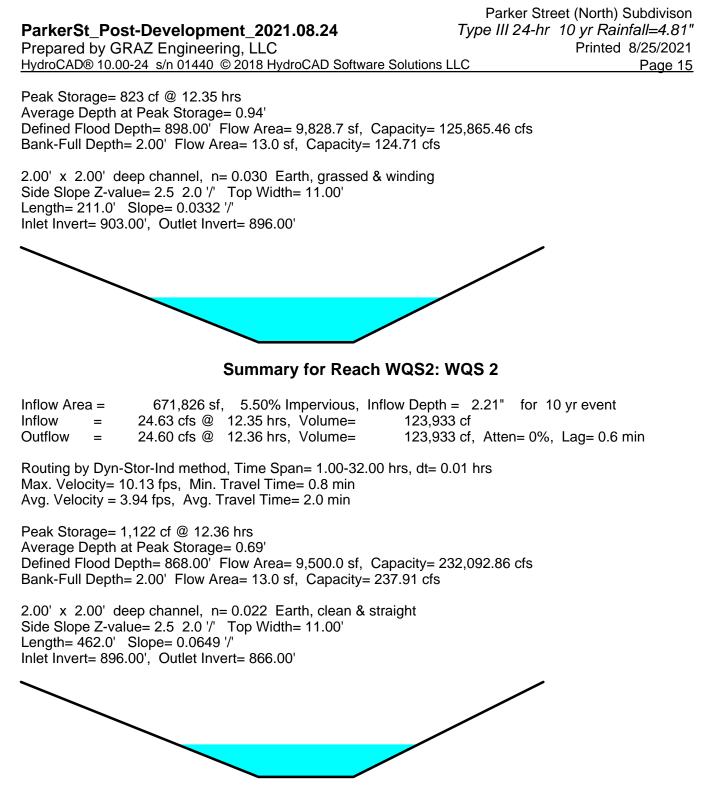
0	<u>(ac) C</u>	N Desc	cription		
0.	953 7		ds, Good,		
			ds, Fair, ⊦		
<u>* 0.</u>	<u>135 7</u>	7 Woo	ded Wetla	<u>nds, HSG (</u>	C
1.	556 7	2 Weig	ghted Aver	age	
1.	556	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
7.3	50	0.0800	0.11		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"
3.5	300	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Woodland $Kv = 5.0 \text{ fps}$
10.8	350	Total			
10.0	000	rotai			
			Summ	ary for S	ubcatchment P2.3: P2.2
			Summ		
Runoff	=	3.80 cfs	s@ 12.0	9 hrs, Volu	me= 11,877 cf, Depth= 2.21"
Runoff b	V SCS TF	R-20 meth	nod. UH=S	CS. Weiah	ted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
Type III 2					
21		vr Rainfa	ll=4.81"	<i>,</i> 3	
		yr Rainfa	ll=4.81"	, J	
Area				, 0	
Area * 0	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
* 0.	(ac) C 044 9	N <u>Deso</u> 16 Grav	cription vel road, H	SG C	· · ·
* 0. 1.	(ac) C 044 9 434 7	N <u>Desc</u> 06 Grav 73 Woo	cription vel road, H ds, Fair, F	SG C ISG C	
* 0. 1. 1.	(ac) C 044 9 434 7 478 7	N Desc 6 Grav 3 Woo 4 Weig	cription vel road, H ds, Fair, H ghted Aver	SG C ISG C age	
* 0. 1. 1.	(ac) C 044 9 434 7	N Desc 6 Grav 3 Woo 4 Weig	cription vel road, H ds, Fair, F	SG C ISG C age	
* 0. 1. 1. 1.	(ac) C 044 9 434 7 478 7 478 7	N Desc 6 Grav <u>3 Woo</u> 74 Weig 100.0	cription vel road, H ds, Fair, H ghted Aver 00% Pervi	SG C ISG C age ous Area	
* 0. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	(ac) C 044 9 434 7 478 7 478 Length	N Desc 6 Grav 3 Woo 4 Weig 100.1 Slope	cription /el road, H ds, Fair, H ghted Aver 00% Pervi Velocity	SG C ISG C age ous Area Capacity	Description
* 0. 1. 1. 1. 	(ac) C 044 9 434 7 478 7 478 Length (feet)	N Desc 06 Grav 03 Woo 04 Weig 100.0 Slope (ft/ft)	cription vel road, H ds, Fair, H ghted Aver 00% Pervi Velocity (ft/sec)	SG C ISG C age ous Area	Description
* 0. <u>1.</u> 1. 1. Tc	(ac) C 044 9 434 7 478 7 478 Length	N Desc 6 Grav 3 Woo 4 Weig 100.1 Slope	cription /el road, H ds, Fair, H ghted Aver 00% Pervi Velocity	SG C ISG C age ous Area Capacity	Description Sheet Flow, A-B
* 0. 1. 1. 1. 1. Tc (min) 4.3	(ac) C 044 9 434 7 478 7 478 Length (feet) 50	N Desc 6 Grav 3 Woo 4 Weig 100.4 Slope (ft/ft) 0.3000	cription vel road, H ds, Fair, H ghted Aver 00% Pervi Velocity (ft/sec) 0.19	SG C ISG C age ous Area Capacity	Description Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"
* 0. 1. 1. 	(ac) C 044 9 434 7 478 7 478 Length (feet)	N Desc 06 Grav 03 Woo 04 Weig 100.0 Slope (ft/ft)	cription vel road, H ds, Fair, H ghted Aver 00% Pervi Velocity (ft/sec)	SG C ISG C age ous Area Capacity	Description Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00" Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
* 0. 1. 1. 1. Tc (min) 4.3 1.0	(ac) C 044 9 434 7 478 7 478 Length (feet) 50 157	N Desc 6 Grav 3 Woo 4 Weig 100.1 Slope (ft/ft) 0.3000 0.3000	cription /el road, H ds, Fair, H ghted Aver 00% Pervi Velocity (ft/sec) 0.19 2.74	SG C ISG C age ous Area Capacity	Description Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00" Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
* 0. 1. 1. 1. 1. Tc (min) 4.3	(ac) C 044 9 434 7 478 7 478 Length (feet) 50	N Desc 6 Grav 3 Woo 4 Weig 100.4 Slope (ft/ft) 0.3000	cription vel road, H ds, Fair, H ghted Aver 00% Pervi Velocity (ft/sec) 0.19	SG C ISG C age ous Area Capacity	Description Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00" Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C

6.1 272 Total

## Summary for Reach WQS1: WQS 1

671,826 sf, 5.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.21" for 10 yr event Inflow Area = 24.66 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= Inflow 123,933 cf = Outflow 24.63 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 123,933 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.5 min =

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 6.32 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.6 min Avg. Velocity = 2.55 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 1.4 min



Summary for Reach WQS3: WQS 3

Inflow Area	a =	671,826 sf,	5.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.21"	for 10 yr event
Inflow	=	24.60 cfs @ 12	2.36 hrs, Volume=	123,933 cf	•
Outflow	=	24.60 cfs @ 12	2.36 hrs, Volume=	123,933 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.2 min

Parker Street (North) Subdivison *Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.81"* Printed 8/25/2021 \_C Page 16

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Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 8.82 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.3 min Avg. Velocity = 3.46 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.7 min

Peak Storage= 376 cf @ 12.36 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.75' Defined Flood Depth= 862.00' Flow Area= 9,434.3 sf, Capacity= 190,684.13 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 13.0 sf, Capacity= 196.83 cfs

2.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight Side Slope Z-value= 2.5 2.0 '/' Top Width= 11.00' Length= 135.0' Slope= 0.0444 '/' Inlet Invert= 866.00', Outlet Invert= 860.00'

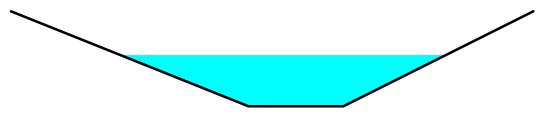
Summary for Reach WQS4: WQS 4

Inflow Area	a =	671,826 sf,	5.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.21"	for 10 yr event
Inflow	=	24.60 cfs @ 1	12.36 hrs, Volume=	123,933 cf	•
Outflow	=	24.59 cfs @ 1	12.37 hrs, Volume=	123,933 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.3 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 5.16 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.3 min Avg. Velocity = 2.08 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.8 min

Peak Storage= 462 cf @ 12.37 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.08' Defined Flood Depth= 861.00' Flow Area= 9,423.3 sf, Capacity= 91,730.80 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 13.0 sf, Capacity= 94.80 cfs

2.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight Side Slope Z-value= 2.5 2.0 '/' Top Width= 11.00' Length= 97.0' Slope= 0.0103 '/' Inlet Invert= 860.00', Outlet Invert= 859.00'



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#### Parker Street (North) Subdivison *Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.81"* Printed 8/25/2021 \_C Page 17

#### Summary for Reach WQS5: WQS 5

64,382 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.42" for 10 yr event Inflow Area = 1.75 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= Inflow 7.630 cf = 1.74 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 7,630 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 1.0 min Outflow Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 4.24 fps, Min. Travel Time= 1.2 min Avg. Velocity = 1.68 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 3.0 min Peak Storage= 123 cf @ 12.31 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.27' Defined Flood Depth= 898.00' Flow Area= 3,577.4 sf, Capacity= 35,446.98 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 0.75' Flow Area= 1.9 sf, Capacity= 13.84 cfs 1.00' x 0.75' deep channel, n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Side Slope Z-value= 2.0 '/' Top Width= 4.00'

Length= 300.0' Slope= 0.0683 '/' Inlet Invert= 860.00', Outlet Invert= 839.50'

## Summary for Pond B1: Infiltration Basin 1

Inflow Area =	671,826 sf, 5.50% Impervious	Inflow Depth = 2.17" for 10 yr event
Inflow =	24.51 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume=	121,555 cf
Outflow =	21.81 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volume=	120,041 cf, Atten= 11%, Lag= 7.6 min
Discarded =	0.06 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volume=	2,912 cf
Primary =	21.75 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volume=	117,129 cf
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 1.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 859.37' @ 12.51 hrs Surf.Area= 9,782 sf Storage= 17,342 cf Flood Elev= 862.30' Surf.Area= 30,981 sf Storage= 57,262 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 40.2 min calculated for 120,041 cf (99% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 32.8 min ( 899.2 - 866.4 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	856.50'	57,262 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)

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Surf.Area Inc.Store Cum.Store Elevation (feet) (sq-ft) (cubic-feet) (cubic-feet) 856.50 0 0 0 857.00 2,211 553 553 4,902 858.00 7.592 5.454 9,175 859.00 8,384 13,838 860.00 10,816 9,996 23.833 861.00 12,512 11,664 35,497 16,710 50,108 862.00 14,611 862.30 30,981 7,154 57,262 Outlet Devices Device Routing Invert 24.0" Round Culvert #1 Primary 851.20' L= 74.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 851.20' / 850.00' S= 0.0162 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf 70.0 deg x 2.30' rise Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir X 2.00 #2 Device 1 857.30' Cv = 2.52 (C = 3.15)1 2" x 7 3" Horiz, Orifice/Grate X 3.00 columns #2 Device 1 103 038

#3	Device I	000.00	1.2 X 7.3 HOHZ. OFFICE/Grate X 3.00 Columns
			X 11 rows C= 0.600 in 25.7" x 25.7" Grate (44% open area)
			Limited to weir flow at low heads
#4	Secondary	860.60'	170.5 deg x 5.0' long x 1.00' rise Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir
			Cv= 2.46 (C= 3.08)
#5	Discarded	856.50'	0.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.06 cfs @ 12.51 hrs HW=859.37' (Free Discharge) **5=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.06 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=21.75 cfs @ 12.51 hrs HW=859.37' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Passes 21.75 cfs of 40.50 cfs potential flow)

-2=Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir (Weir Controls 21.75 cfs @ 3.63 fps) -3=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 1.00 hrs HW=856.50' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -4=Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

## Summary for Pond B2: B2

Inflow Area =	64,382 sf, 0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.21" for 10 yr event
Inflow =	3.80 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	11,877 cf
Outflow =	1.77 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume=	9,062 cf, Atten= 53%, Lag= 12.2 min
Discarded =	0.02 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume=	1,432 cf
Primary =	1.75 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume=	7,630 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 861.64' @ 12.30 hrs Surf.Area= 3,374 sf Storage= 4,074 cf Flood Elev= 862.50' Surf.Area= 4,538 sf Storage= 7,477 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 193.6 min calculated for 9,060 cf (76% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 106.3 min (945.8 - 839.4)

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Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	orage Stora	ge Storage Description		
#1	859.5	0' 7,4	77 cf Custo	om Stage Data (Prisr	natic)Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)		
859.5	50	0	0	0		
860.0	00	1,226	307	307		
862.0	00	3,848	5,074	5,381		
862.5	50	4,538	2,097	7,477		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devi	ces		
#1	Primary	861.40'	6.0' long x	10.0' breadth Broad	I-Crested Rectangular Weir	
#2	Discardeo	d 859.50'	Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 Coef. (English) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64 0.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area			

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.02 cfs @ 12.30 hrs HW=861.64' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.75 cfs @ 12.30 hrs HW=861.64' TW=860.27' (Dynamic Tailwater) ↑ 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.75 cfs @ 1.22 fps)

#### Summary for Pond SF1: Sediment Forebay 1

Inflow Area =	671,826 sf,	5.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.21"	for 10 yr event
Inflow =	24.59 cfs @	12.37 hrs, Volume=	123,933 cf	
Outflow =	24.51 cfs @	12.39 hrs, Volume=	121,555 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 1.1 min
Primary =	24.51 cfs @	12.39 hrs, Volume=	121,555 cf	
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @	1.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 861.15' @ 12.39 hrs Surf.Area= 2,992 sf Storage= 4,480 cf Flood Elev= 862.00' Surf.Area= 4,327 sf Storage= 7,539 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 17.9 min calculated for 121,516 cf (98% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 6.8 min (866.4 - 859.6)

Volume	Invert Av	ail.Storage	Storage	e Description	
#1	857.80'	7,539 cf	Custor	n Stage Data (Pr	ismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft		c.Store c-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
857.80 858.00	41	) 6	0 42	0 42	
859.00 860.00	804 1,588		610 1,196	652 1,848	
861.00	2,784	1	2,186	4,034	
861.50 862.00	3,450 4,32		1,560 1,946	5,594 7,539	

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	860.30'	<b>143.1 deg x 8.0' long Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir</b> Cv= 2.47 (C= 3.09)
#2	Secondary	861.30'	<b>12.0' long x 1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 Coef. (English) 2.69 2.72 2.75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31 3.30 3.31 3.32

Primary OutFlow Max=24.51 cfs @ 12.39 hrs HW=861.15' TW=859.24' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir** (Weir Controls 24.51 cfs @ 2.72 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 1.00 hrs HW=857.80' TW=856.50' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

#### Summary for Link AP-1: Offsite to E'ly Wetlands

Inflow Are	a =	709,418 sf,	7.21% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.14"	for 10 yr event
Inflow	=	22.42 cfs @	12.50 hrs, Volume=	126,536 cf	
Primary	=	22.42 cfs @	12.50 hrs, Volume=	126,536 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

#### Summary for Link AP-2: Stiles Lake

Inflow Area	a =	404,803 sf,	2.21% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.06"	for 10 yr event
Inflow	=	17.25 cfs @ 1	12.17 hrs, Volume=	69,519 cf	
Primary	=	17.25 cfs @ 1	12.17 hrs, Volume=	69,519 cf, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

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#### Summary for Subcatchment P1.1: P1.1

Runoff = 36.45 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 181,608 cf, Depth= 3.24"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 yr Rainfall=6.07"

Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription					
	0.849 98 Pavement & Roofs, HSG C							
			el surface					
				over, Good	, HSG C			
			ds, Good,					
	2.459 73 Woods, Fair, HSG C							
				nds, HSG (	<u></u>			
			phted Aver					
	574		0% Pervio					
0.	849	5.50	% Impervi	ous Area				
Тс	Length	Slopo	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Description			
15.7	<u>(1881)</u> 92	0.0400	0.10	(03)	Sheet Flow, A-B			
13.7	52	0.0400	0.10		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"			
1.3	702	0.1000	9.33	27.98	Channel Flow, B-C, Ditch			
1.0	102	0.1000	0.00	27.50	Area= $3.0 \text{ sf Perim} = 10.4' \text{ r} = 0.29'$			
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight			
0.7	325	0.0600	7.22	21.67	Channel Flow, C-D, Ditch			
					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.4' r= 0.29'			
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight			
0.7	250	0.0400	5.90	17.69	Channel Flow, D-E, Ditch			
					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.4' r= 0.29'			
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight			
0.5	211	0.0300	6.71	73.82	Channel Flow, E-F, Swale			
					Area= 11.0 sf Perim= 20.9' r= 0.53'			
					n= 0.025 Earth, clean & winding			
0.7	462	0.0700	11.65	128.15	Channel Flow, F-G, Swale			
					Area= 11.0 sf Perim= 20.9' r= 0.53'			
0.0	405	0.0400	0.04	00.07	n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight			
0.3	135	0.0400	8.81	96.87	Channel Flow, G-H, Swale			
					Area= 11.0 sf Perim= 20.9' r= 0.53'			
4.4	372	0.0800	1.41		n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight			
4.4	312	0.0000	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, J-K, Wetland Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	0 5 4 0	<b>T</b> . ( . )						

24.3 2,549 Total

#### Summary for Subcatchment P1.2: P1.2

Runoff = 4.15 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 13,021 cf, Depth= 4.16"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 yr Rainfall=6.07"

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	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	ription		
*	0.	325	98	Pave	d Roadwa	y, HSG C	
_	0.	538	74	>75%	6 Grass co	over, Good,	, HSG C
	0.	863	83	Weig	hted Aver	age	
	0.	538		62.34	1% Pervio	us Area	
	0.	325		37.66	6% Imperv	vious Area	
	Tc (min)	Lengt (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	6.0	65	0		1.81		Direct Entry, Minimum Tc

#### Summary for Subcatchment P2.1: P2.1

Runoff = 20.46 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 73,700 cf, Depth= 3.24"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 yr Rainfall=6.07"

	A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description					
*		8,930	98 F	Pavement & Roofs, HSG C					
	1	08,639	74 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C			
		49,266	70 \	Voods, Go	od, HSG C				
		90,256	73 \	Voods, Fai	r, HSG C				
*		15,551	77 \	Nooded W	etlands, HS	SG C			
	2	72,642	74 \	Veighted A	verage				
	2	63,712	-		vious Area				
		8,930	3	3.28% Impe	ervious Area	а			
	_								
	Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	6.7	50	0.1000	0.12		Sheet Flow, A-B			
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"			
	1.3	178	0.2000	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C			
	~ .					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	0.4	70	0.3100	2.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D			
	0.4	404	0 0000			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	2.1	181	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	10.5	479	Total						

## Summary for Subcatchment P2.2: P2.3

Runoff = 4.73 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 17,230 cf, Depth= 3.05"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 yr Rainfall=6.07"

Parker Street (North) Subdivison Type III 24-hr 25 yr Rainfall=6.07" Printed 8/25/2021 Page 23

# ParkerSt\_Post-Development\_2021.08.24

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Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription					
0.	0.953 70 Woods, Good, HSG C							
0.	0.468 73 Woods, Fair, HSG C							
* 0.	.135 7	7 Woo	ded Wetla	nds, HSG	C			
1	.556 7	2 Weig	phted Aver	age				
1.	.556		00% Pervi					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
7.3	50	0.0800	0.11		Sheet Flow, A-B			
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"			
3.5	300	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
10.8	350	Total						
			Summ	nary for S	Subcatchment P2.3: P2.2			
			Ounn					
Runoff	=	5.60 cfs	s@ 12.0	9 hrs, Volu	Ime= 17,404 cf, Depth= 3.24"			
				,				
Runoff b	V SCS TH	R-20 meth	nod, UH=S	SCS, Weigh	ted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs			
		yr Rainfa		, 0				
Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription					
* 0.	.044 9	6 Grav	vel road, H	SG C				
			ds, Fair, ⊢					
-			phted Aver					
	.478		00% Pervi					
		100.						
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Dooonphon			
4.3	50	0.3000	0.19	(0.0)	Sheet Flow, A-B			
4.5	50	0.0000	0.19		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"			
1.0	157	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C			
1.0	157	0.0000	2.14		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
0.8	65	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D			
0.0	00	0.0000	1.41		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
61	272	Total						

6.1 272 Total

#### Summary for Reach WQS1: WQS 1

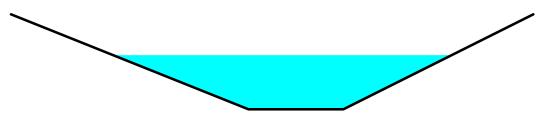
671,826 sf, 5.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.24" for 25 yr event Inflow Area = 36.45 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= Inflow 181,608 cf = Outflow 36.41 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 181,608 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.4 min =

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 7.00 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.5 min Avg. Velocity = 2.79 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 1.3 min

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Peak Storage= 1,098 cf @ 12.35 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.14' Defined Flood Depth= 898.00' Flow Area= 9,828.7 sf, Capacity= 125,865.46 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 13.0 sf, Capacity= 124.71 cfs

2.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Side Slope Z-value= 2.5 2.0 '/' Top Width= 11.00' Length= 211.0' Slope= 0.0332 '/' Inlet Invert= 903.00', Outlet Invert= 896.00'



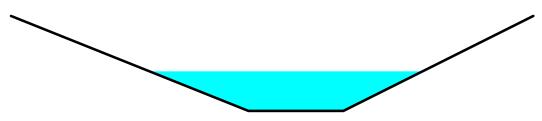
## Summary for Reach WQS2: WQS 2

Inflow Are	a =	671,826 sf,	5.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.24"	for 25 yr event
Inflow	=	36.41 cfs @ 1	2.35 hrs, Volume=	181,608 cf	-
Outflow	=	36.37 cfs @ 1	2.35 hrs, Volume=	181,608 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.5 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 11.26 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.7 min Avg. Velocity = 4.33 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 1.8 min

Peak Storage= 1,493 cf @ 12.35 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.83' Defined Flood Depth= 868.00' Flow Area= 9,500.0 sf, Capacity= 232,092.86 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 13.0 sf, Capacity= 237.91 cfs

2.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight Side Slope Z-value= 2.5 2.0 '/' Top Width= 11.00' Length= 462.0' Slope= 0.0649 '/' Inlet Invert= 896.00', Outlet Invert= 866.00'



## Summary for Reach WQS3: WQS 3

Inflow Area	a =	671,826 sf,	5.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.24"	for 25 yr event
Inflow	=	36.37 cfs @ 1	12.35 hrs, Volume=	181,608 cf	-
Outflow	=	36.37 cfs @ 1	12.36 hrs, Volume=	181,608 cf, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 0.2 min

Parker Street (North) Subdivison Type III 24-hr 25 yr Rainfall=6.07" Printed 8/25/2021 \_C Page 25

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Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 9.79 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.2 min Avg. Velocity = 3.80 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.6 min

Peak Storage= 501 cf @ 12.36 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.91' Defined Flood Depth= 862.00' Flow Area= 9,434.3 sf, Capacity= 190,684.13 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 13.0 sf, Capacity= 196.83 cfs

2.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight Side Slope Z-value= 2.5 2.0 '/' Top Width= 11.00' Length= 135.0' Slope= 0.0444 '/' Inlet Invert= 866.00', Outlet Invert= 860.00'

Summary for Reach WQS4: WQS 4

 Inflow Area =
 671,826 sf,
 5.50% Impervious,
 Inflow Depth =
 3.24"
 for
 25 yr event

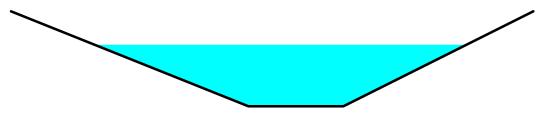
 Inflow =
 36.37 cfs @
 12.36 hrs,
 Volume=
 181,608 cf

 Outflow =
 36.36 cfs @
 12.36 hrs,
 Volume=
 181,608 cf,

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 5.71 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.3 min Avg. Velocity = 2.28 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.7 min

Peak Storage= 618 cf @ 12.36 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.30' Defined Flood Depth= 861.00' Flow Area= 9,423.3 sf, Capacity= 91,730.80 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 13.0 sf, Capacity= 94.80 cfs

2.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight Side Slope Z-value= 2.5 2.0 '/' Top Width= 11.00' Length= 97.0' Slope= 0.0103 '/' Inlet Invert= 860.00', Outlet Invert= 859.00'



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Parker Street (North) Subdivison

#### Summary for Reach WQS5: WQS 5

Inflow Area = 64,382 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.44" for 25 yr event 4.28 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= Inflow 13.106 cf = 13,106 cf, Atten= 1%, Lag= 0.8 min 4.25 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= Outflow = Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 5.42 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.9 min Avg. Velocity = 1.93 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 2.6 min Peak Storage= 235 cf @ 12.17 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.42' Defined Flood Depth= 898.00' Flow Area= 3,577.4 sf, Capacity= 35,446.98 cfs

Bank-Full Depth= 0.75' Flow Area= 1.9 sf, Capacity= 13.84 cfs

1.00' x 0.75' deep channel, n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Side Slope Z-value= 2.0 '/' Top Width= 4.00' Length= 300.0' Slope= 0.0683 '/' Inlet Invert= 860.00', Outlet Invert= 839.50'

## Summary for Pond B1: Infiltration Basin 1

Inflow Area =	671,826 sf, 5.50%	Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.20"	for 25 yr event
Inflow =	36.29 cfs @ 12.37 hr	s, Volume=	179,230 cf	
Outflow =	32.79 cfs @ 12.49 hr	s, Volume=	177,701 cf, Atte	n= 10%, Lag= 6.9 min
Discarded =	0.07 cfs @ 12.49 hr	s, Volume=	3,145 cf	
Primary =	32.72 cfs @ 12.49 hr	s, Volume=	174,556 cf	
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 1.00 hr	s, Volume=	0 cf	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 859.79' @ 12.49 hrs Surf.Area= 10,466 sf Storage= 21,565 cf Flood Elev= 862.30' Surf.Area= 30,981 sf Storage= 57,262 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 32.6 min calculated for 177,701 cf (99% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 27.4 min (881.3 - 853.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	856.50'	57,262 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)

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Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
856.5		0	0	0	
857.0		2,211	553	553	
858.0		7,592	4,902	5,454	
859.0		9,175	8,384	13,838	
860.0		10,816	9,996	23,833	
861.0	00	12,512	11,664	35,497	
862.0	00	16,710	14,611	50,108	
862.3	30	30,981	7,154	57,262	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Primary	851.20'	24.0" Round C	Culvert	
	-		L= 74.0' CPP,	square edge	headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Inv	/ //ert= 851.20	850.00' S= 0.0162 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corru	igated PE, sm	ooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Device 1	857.30'	70.0 deg x 2.30	) rise Sharp-	Crested Vee/Trap Weir X 2.00
			Cv= 2.52 (C= 3	.15)	
#3	Device 1	860.60'	1.2" x 7.3" Hor	iz. Orifice/Gra	ate X 3.00 columns
			X 11 rows C= 0	.600 in 25.7" x	x 25.7" Grate (44% open area)
			Limited to weir f		
#4	Seconda	ry 860.60'	170.5 deg x 5.0	)' long x 1.00'	rise Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir

#5 Discarded 856.50' 0.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area

Cv = 2.46 (C = 3.08)

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.07 cfs @ 12.49 hrs HW=859.79' (Free Discharge) **5=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.07 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=32.72 cfs @ 12.49 hrs HW=859.79' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Passes 32.72 cfs of 41.66 cfs potential flow)

-2=Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir (Orifice Controls 32.72 cfs @ 4.42 fps) -3=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 1.00 hrs HW=856.50' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -4=Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

## Summary for Pond B2: B2

Inflow Area =	64,382 sf, 0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.24" for 25 yr event
Inflow =	5.60 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	17,404 cf
Outflow =	4.30 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume=	14,584 cf, Atten= 23%, Lag= 4.1 min
Discarded =	0.02 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume=	1,478 cf
Primary =	4.28 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume=	13,106 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 861.82' @ 12.16 hrs Surf.Area= 3,618 sf Storage= 4,725 cf Flood Elev= 862.50' Surf.Area= 4,538 sf Storage= 7,477 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 139.7 min calculated for 14,579 cf (84% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 71.5 min (899.8 - 828.4)

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Volume	Inver	t Avail.Sto	rage Storag	e Description	
#1	859.50	' 7,4 <sup>°</sup>	77 cf Custo	m Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
859.5	60	0	0	0	
860.0	0	1,226	307	307	
862.0	0	3,848	5,074	5,381	
862.5	50	4,538	2,097	7,477	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devic	es	
#1	Primary	861.40'			oad-Crested Rectangular Weir
#2	Discarded	859.50'	Coef. (Englis		0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 .70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64 Surface area

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.02 cfs @ 12.16 hrs HW=861.82' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=4.27 cfs @ 12.16 hrs HW=861.82' TW=860.42' (Dynamic Tailwater) ↑ 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 4.27 cfs @ 1.68 fps)

#### Summary for Pond SF1: Sediment Forebay 1

Inflow Area =	671,826 sf,	5.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.24" for 25 yr event
Inflow =	36.36 cfs @	12.36 hrs, Volume=	181,608 cf
Outflow =	36.29 cfs @	12.37 hrs, Volume=	179,230 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.8 min
Primary =	35.77 cfs @	12.37 hrs, Volume=	178,977 cf
Secondary =	0.53 cfs @	12.37 hrs, Volume=	252 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 861.36' @ 12.37 hrs Surf.Area= 3,273 sf Storage= 5,137 cf Flood Elev= 862.00' Surf.Area= 4,327 sf Storage= 7,539 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 13.5 min calculated for 179,172 cf (99% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 5.7 min (853.9 - 848.2)

Volume	Invert Av	ail.Storage	Storage	e Description	
#1	857.80'	7,539 cf	Custon	n Stage Data (Pr	ismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation	Surf.Area	ı Inc	.Store	Cum.Store	
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubi	c-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
857.80	C	)	0	0	
858.00	416	5	42	42	
859.00	804	ļ	610	652	
860.00	1,588	5	1,196	1,848	
861.00	2,784	ļ	2,186	4,034	
861.50	3,456	5	1,560	5,594	
862.00	4,327	•	1,946	7,539	

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	860.30'	<b>143.1 deg x 8.0' long Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir</b> Cv= 2.47 (C= 3.09)
#2	Secondary	861.30'	<b>12.0' long x 1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 Coef. (English) 2.69 2.72 2.75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31 3.30 3.31 3.32

Primary OutFlow Max=35.76 cfs @ 12.37 hrs HW=861.36' TW=859.66' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir** (Weir Controls 35.76 cfs @ 3.00 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.52 cfs @ 12.37 hrs HW=861.36' TW=859.66' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.52 cfs @ 0.68 fps)

#### Summary for Link AP-1: Offsite to E'ly Wetlands

Inflow Area	a =	709,418 sf,	7.21% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.17"	for 25 yr event
Inflow	=	33.72 cfs @	12.48 hrs, Volume=	187,577 cf	
Primary	=	33.72 cfs @	12.48 hrs, Volume=	187,577 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

#### Summary for Link AP-2: Stiles Lake

Inflow Area	a =	404,803 sf,	2.21% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.08"	for 25 yr event
Inflow	=	29.33 cfs @ 1	12.15 hrs, Volume=	104,037 cf	
Primary	=	29.33 cfs @ 1	12.15 hrs, Volume=	104,037 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

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#### Summary for Subcatchment P1.1: P1.1

Runoff = 61.69 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 308,024 cf, Depth= 5.50"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 yr Rainfall=8.64"

Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription				
* 0	.849 9	8 Pave	ement & R	oofs, HSG	С		
0	0.229 96 Gravel surface, HSG C						
	3.764 74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C						
			ds, Good,				
			ds, Fair, F				
				nds, HSG (	C		
	-		phted Aver				
	.574		0% Pervio				
0	.849	5.50	% Impervi	ous Area			
Тс	Longth	Slope	Velocity	Conocity	Description		
(min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
15.7	<u>(ieet)</u> 92	0.0400	0.10	(03)	Sheet Flow, A-B		
13.7	92	0.0400	0.10		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"		
1.3	702	0.1000	9.33	27.98	Channel Flow, B-C, Ditch		
1.0	102	0.1000	0.00	27.50	Area= $3.0 \text{ sf}$ Perim= $10.4' \text{ r} = 0.29'$		
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight		
0.7	325	0.0600	7.22	21.67	Channel Flow, C-D, Ditch		
-				-	Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.4' r= 0.29'		
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight		
0.7	250	0.0400	5.90	17.69	Channel Flow, D-E, Ditch		
					Area= 3.0 sf Perim= 10.4' r= 0.29'		
					n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight		
0.5	211	0.0300	6.71	73.82			
					Area= 11.0 sf Perim= 20.9' r= 0.53'		
					n= 0.025 Earth, clean & winding		
0.7	462	0.0700	11.65	128.15	Channel Flow, F-G, Swale		
					Area= 11.0 sf Perim= 20.9' r= 0.53'		
	405	0.0400	0.04	00.07	n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight		
0.3	135	0.0400	8.81	96.87	Channel Flow, G-H, Swale		
					Area= 11.0 sf Perim= 20.9' r= 0.53'		
1 1	270	0 0000	1.41		n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight		
4.4	372	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, J-K, Wetland Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
	2 5 4 0	Tatal					

24.3 2,549 Total

#### Summary for Subcatchment P1.2: P1.2

Runoff = 6.46 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 20,645 cf, Depth= 6.59"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 yr Rainfall=8.64"

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_	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
*	0.	325	98	Pave	ed Roadwa	ay, HSG C	
_	0.	538	74	>75%	6 Grass co	over, Good,	HSG C
	0.	863	83	Weig	hted Aver	age	
	0.	538		62.3	4% Pervio	us Area	
	0.	325		37.6	6% Imperv	vious Area	
	_						
	Тс	Lengt		Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(fee	t)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	6.0	65	0		1.81		Direct Entry, Minimum Tc
							•

#### Summary for Subcatchment P2.1: P2.1

Runoff = 34.60 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 125,003 cf, Depth= 5.50"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 yr Rainfall=8.64"

/	Area (sf)	CN E	Description		
*	8,930	98 Pavement & Roofs, HS			SG C
	108,639	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C
	49,266	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C	
	90,256	73 V	Voods, Fai	r, HSG C	
*	15,551	77 V	Vooded We	etlands, HS	SG C
	272,642	74 V	Veighted A	verage	
	263,712	g	6.72% Pei	vious Area	
	8,930	3	8.28% Impe	ervious Area	a
Tc	0	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.7	50	0.1000	0.12		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"
1.3	178	0.2000	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.4	70	0.3100	2.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
~ ~ ~					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.1	181	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
10.5	479	Total			

## Summary for Subcatchment P2.2: P2.3

Runoff = 8.16 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 29,712 cf, Depth= 5.26"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 yr Rainfall=8.64"

Parker Street (North) Subdivison Type III 24-hr 100 yr Rainfall=8.64" Printed 8/25/2021 Page 32

# ParkerSt\_Post-Development\_2021.08.24

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Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription				
	0.953 70 Woods, Good, HSG C 0.468 73 Woods, Fair, HSG C						
			, ,	isg C inds, HSG (	<u>^</u>		
-			anted Aver	,	<u> </u>		
	556		00% Pervi				
_				<b>.</b> .	-		
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
7.3	<u>(ieet)</u> 50	0.0800	0.11	(015)	Sheet Flow, A-B		
7.5	50	0.0000	0.11		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"		
3.5	300	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C		
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
10.8	350	Total					
			Summ	ony for S	ubaatahmant D2 2, D2 2		
			Summ	ary for S	ubcatchment P2.3: P2.2		
Runoff	=	9.46 cfs	s@ 12.0	9 hrs, Volu	Ime= 29,518 cf, Depth= 5.50"		
Dun off b		2 20 moth			ted CN Time Spen 1.00.22.00 hrs. dt. 0.01 hrs.		
		0 yr Rainf		cs, weigh	ted-CN, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs		
. ) po 1		o yr raini					
Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription				
-			el road, H				
-			<u>ds, Fair, ⊢</u>				
	478 7 478		ghted Aver 00% Pervi				
1.	470	100.		ous Alea			
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
4.3	50	0.3000	0.19		Sheet Flow, A-B		
1.0	157	0.3000	2.74		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.00"		
1.0	157	0.3000	2.14		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
0.8	65	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D		
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		

6.1 272 Total

## Summary for Reach WQS1: WQS 1

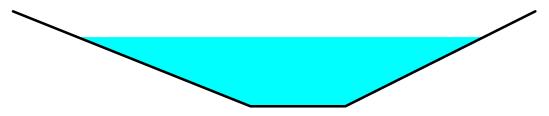
671,826 sf, 5.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.50" for 100 yr event Inflow Area = Inflow 61.69 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 308,024 cf = Outflow 61.64 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 308,024 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.2 min =

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 8.02 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.4 min Avg. Velocity = 3.15 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 1.1 min

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Peak Storage= 1,622 cf @ 12.34 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.46' Defined Flood Depth= 898.00' Flow Area= 9,828.7 sf, Capacity= 125,865.46 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 13.0 sf, Capacity= 124.71 cfs

2.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Side Slope Z-value= 2.5 2.0 '/' Top Width= 11.00' Length= 211.0' Slope= 0.0332 '/' Inlet Invert= 903.00', Outlet Invert= 896.00'



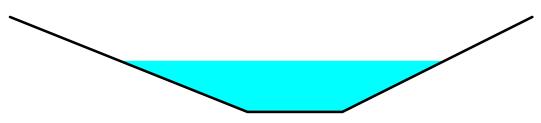
## Summary for Reach WQS2: WQS 2

Inflow Area	a =	671,826 sf,	5.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 5.50"	for 100 yr event
Inflow	=	61.64 cfs @ 1	12.34 hrs, Volume=	308,024 cf	-
Outflow	=	61.60 cfs @ 1	12.35 hrs, Volume=	308,024 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.4 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 12.94 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.6 min Avg. Velocity = 4.92 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 1.6 min

Peak Storage= 2,200 cf @ 12.35 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.08' Defined Flood Depth= 868.00' Flow Area= 9,500.0 sf, Capacity= 232,092.86 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 13.0 sf, Capacity= 237.91 cfs

2.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight Side Slope Z-value= 2.5 2.0 '/' Top Width= 11.00' Length= 462.0' Slope= 0.0649 '/' Inlet Invert= 896.00', Outlet Invert= 866.00'



## Summary for Reach WQS3: WQS 3

Inflow Are	a =	671,826 sf,	5.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 5.50"	for 100 yr event
Inflow	=	61.60 cfs @ 1	12.35 hrs, Volume=	308,024 cf	•
Outflow	=	61.59 cfs @ 1	12.35 hrs, Volume=	308,024 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.1 min

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Parker Street (North) Subdivison Type III 24-hr 100 yr Rainfall=8.64" Printed 8/25/2021 LLC Page 34

HydroCAD® 10.00-24 s/n 01440 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Max. Velocity= 11.24 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.2 min Avg. Velocity = 4.31 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.5 min

Peak Storage= 739 cf @ 12.35 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.18' Defined Flood Depth= 862.00' Flow Area= 9,434.3 sf, Capacity= 190,684.13 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 13.0 sf, Capacity= 196.83 cfs

2.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight Side Slope Z-value= 2.5 2.0 '/' Top Width= 11.00' Length= 135.0' Slope= 0.0444 '/' Inlet Invert= 866.00', Outlet Invert= 860.00'

Summary for Reach WQS4: WQS 4

 Inflow Area =
 671,826 sf,
 5.50% Impervious,
 Inflow Depth =
 5.50" for
 100 yr event

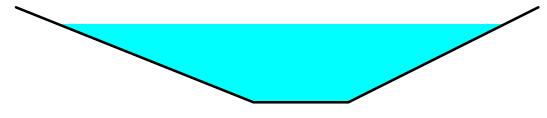
 Inflow =
 61.59 cfs @
 12.35 hrs,
 Volume=
 308,024 cf

 Outflow =
 61.58 cfs @
 12.35 hrs,
 Volume=
 308,024 cf,

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 6.53 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.2 min Avg. Velocity = 2.57 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.6 min

Peak Storage= 914 cf @ 12.35 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.65' Defined Flood Depth= 861.00' Flow Area= 9,423.3 sf, Capacity= 91,730.80 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 13.0 sf, Capacity= 94.80 cfs

2.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight Side Slope Z-value= 2.5 2.0 '/' Top Width= 11.00' Length= 97.0' Slope= 0.0103 '/' Inlet Invert= 860.00', Outlet Invert= 859.00'



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#### Summary for Reach WQS5: WQS 5

Inflow Area = 64,382 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.68" for 100 yr event 8.28 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= Inflow 25.122 cf = 8.24 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 25,122 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.6 min Outflow = Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 6.46 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.8 min Avg. Velocity = 2.30 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 2.2 min Peak Storage= 383 cf @ 12.14 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.59' Defined Flood Depth= 898.00' Flow Area= 3,577.4 sf, Capacity= 35,446.98 cfs Bank-Full Depth= 0.75' Flow Area= 1.9 sf, Capacity= 13.84 cfs 1.00' x 0.75' deep channel, n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Side Slope Z-value= 2.0 '/' Top Width= 4.00' Length= 300.0' Slope= 0.0683 '/'

Inlet Invert= 860.00', Outlet Invert= 839.50'

## Summary for Pond B1: Infiltration Basin 1

Inflow Area =	671,826 sf	, 5.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 5.46" for 100 yr event
Inflow =	61.42 cfs @	12.36 hrs, Volume=	305,646 cf
Outflow =	51.61 cfs @	12.51 hrs, Volume=	304,100 cf, Atten= 16%, Lag= 9.2 min
Discarded =	0.08 cfs @	12.51 hrs, Volume=	3,539 cf
Primary =	44.86 cfs @	12.51 hrs, Volume=	295,930 cf
Secondary =	6.67 cfs @	12.51 hrs, Volume=	4,631 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 860.99' @ 12.51 hrs Surf.Area= 12,501 sf Storage= 35,416 cf Flood Elev= 862.30' Surf.Area= 30,981 sf Storage= 57,262 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 25.6 min calculated for 304,100 cf (99% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 22.5 min (859.6 - 837.2)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	856.50'	57,262 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)

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Elevation (feet)		urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
856.50	)	0	0	0	
857.00	)	2,211	553	553	
858.00	)	7,592	4,902	5,454	
859.00	)	9,175	8,384	13,838	
860.00	)	10,816	9,996	23,833	
861.00		12,512	11,664	35,497	
862.00		16,710	14,611	50,108	
862.30	)	30,981	7,154	57,262	
Device I	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1 I	Primary	851.20'	24.0" Round C	ulvert	
					headwall, Ke= 0.500
# <u>0</u>	Davias 1	057 201			
#Z I	Device I	657.30	70.0 deg x 2.30' rise Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir X 2.00		
#3	Device 1	860 60'	· · ·	/	ate X 3 00 columns
<i>#</i> <b>0</b>		000.00			
#4 \$	Secondary	/ 860.60'			rise Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir
	,		Cv= 2.46 (C= 3.		· · ·
#5 I	Discarded	856.50'	0.270 in/hr Exfi	Itration over	Surface area
#1   #2   #3   #4 \	Primary Device 1 Device 1 Secondary	851.20' 857.30' 860.60' 860.60'	<b>24.0" Round C</b> L= 74.0' CPP, Inlet / Outlet Inv n= 0.013 Corru <b>70.0 deg x 2.30</b> Cv= 2.52 (C= 3. <b>1.2" x 7.3" Hori</b> X 11 rows C= 0. Limited to weir f <b>170.5 deg x 5.0</b> Cv= 2.46 (C= 3.	square edge l ert= 851.20' / gated PE, sm ' rise Sharp-( 15) iz. Orifice/Gra .600 in 25.7" > low at low hea ' long x 1.00' 08)	850.00' S= 0.0162 '/' Cc= 0.900 ooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf Crested Vee/Trap Weir X 2.00 ate X 3.00 columns ( 25.7" Grate (44% open area) ads rise Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.08 cfs @ 12.51 hrs HW=860.99' (Free Discharge) **5=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.08 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=44.86 cfs @ 12.51 hrs HW=860.99' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Culvert** (Inlet Controls 44.86 cfs @ 14.28 fps)

2=Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir (Passes < 51.05 cfs potential flow)

**3=Orifice/Grate** (Passes < 6.06 cfs potential flow)

Secondary OutFlow Max=6.67 cfs @ 12.51 hrs HW=860.99' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 4=Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir (Weir Controls 6.67 cfs @ 1.74 fps)

## Summary for Pond B2: B2

Inflow Area =	64,382 sf, 0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 5.50" for 100 yr event
Inflow =	9.46 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	29,518 cf
Outflow =	8.30 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume=	
Discarded =	0.02 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume=	1,570 cf
Primary =	8.28 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume=	25,122 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 862.04' @ 12.13 hrs Surf.Area= 3,902 sf Storage= 5,533 cf Flood Elev= 862.50' Surf.Area= 4,538 sf Storage= 7,477 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 94.0 min calculated for 26,684 cf (90% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 47.2 min ( 860.5 - 813.2 ) ParkerSt\_Post-Development\_2021.08.24 Prepared by GRAZ Engineering, LLC

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Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	orage Storag	e Description	
#1	859.5	0' 7,4	77 cf Custo	m Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
859.5	50	0	0	0	
860.0	00	1,226	307	307	
862.0	00	3,848	5,074	5,381	
862.5	50	4,538	2,097	7,477	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devic	es	
#1	Primary	861.40'	6.0' long x	10.0' breadth Br	oad-Crested Rectangular Weir
#2	Discarde	d 859.50'	Coef. (Englis		0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 .70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64 Surface area

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.02 cfs @ 12.13 hrs HW=862.04' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=8.27 cfs @ 12.13 hrs HW=862.04' TW=860.59' (Dynamic Tailwater) ↑ 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 8.27 cfs @ 2.16 fps)

# Summary for Pond SF1: Sediment Forebay 1

Inflow Area =	671,826 sf,	5.50% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 5.50" for 100 yr event
Inflow =	61.58 cfs @	12.35 hrs, Volume=	308,024 cf
Outflow =	61.42 cfs @	12.36 hrs, Volume=	305,646 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.4 min
Primary =	54.55 cfs @	12.36 hrs, Volume=	297,008 cf
Secondary =	6.89 cfs @	12.37 hrs, Volume=	8,639 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 861.66' @ 12.37 hrs Surf.Area= 3,726 sf Storage= 6,151 cf Flood Elev= 862.00' Surf.Area= 4,327 sf Storage= 7,539 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 9.3 min calculated for 305,548 cf (99% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 4.5 min (837.2 - 832.7)

Volume	Invert Av	ail.Storage	Storage	e Description	
#1	857.80'	7,539 cf	Custor	n Stage Data (Pr	ismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft		c.Store c-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
857.80 858.00	( 416		0 42	0 42	
859.00 860.00	804 1,588		610 1,196	652 1,848	
861.00 861.50	2,784 3,456	6	2,186 1,560	4,034 5,594	
862.00	4,327	7	1,946	7,539	

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	860.30'	<b>143.1 deg x 8.0' long Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir</b> Cv= 2.47 (C= 3.09)
#2	Secondary	861.30'	<b>12.0' long x 1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 Coef. (English) 2.69 2.72 2.75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31 3.30 3.31 3.32

Primary OutFlow Max=54.41 cfs @ 12.36 hrs HW=861.65' TW=860.54' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Sharp-Crested Vee/Trap Weir** (Weir Controls 54.41 cfs @ 3.33 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=6.89 cfs @ 12.37 hrs HW=861.66' TW=860.63' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 6.89 cfs @ 1.62 fps)

# Summary for Link AP-1: Offsite to E'ly Wetlands

Inflow Are	a =	709,418 sf,	7.21% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 5.43"	for 100 yr event
Inflow	=	52.87 cfs @	12.51 hrs, Volume=	321,206 cf	
Primary	=	52.87 cfs @	12.51 hrs, Volume=	321,206 cf, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

# Summary for Link AP-2: Stiles Lake

Inflow Are	a =	404,803 sf,	2.21% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 5.33"	for 100 yr event
Inflow	=	51.00 cfs @ 1	12.14 hrs, Volume=	179,837 cf	
Primary	=	51.00 cfs @ 1	12.14 hrs, Volume=	179,837 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 1.00-32.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Parker Street(North) – Definitive Subdivision Off Pine Street, Leicester, MA

# **APPENDIX A** MA - DEP Stormwater Checklist



# Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program Checklist for Stormwater Report

# A. Introduction

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.



A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals.<sup>1</sup> This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8<sup>2</sup>
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



# **B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification**

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

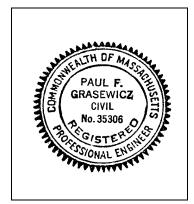
*Note:* Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

# **Registered Professional Engineer's Certification**

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Longterm Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature



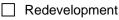
Signature and Date

8/24/21

# Checklist

**Project Type:** Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new and redevelopment?

New development



X Mix of New Development and Redevelopment



**LID Measures:** Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of the project:

- No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas
- Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks)
- Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)
- X Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs
- LID Site Design Credit Requested:
  - Credit 1
  - Credit 2
  - Credit 3
- Ise of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe
- Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens)
- Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)
- Treebox Filter
- X Water Quality Swale
- Grass Channel
- Green Roof
- Other (describe):

#### **Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges**

- X No new untreated discharges
- Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth
- Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.



# Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation

- Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding.
- Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm.
- ☑ Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed predevelopment rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24hour storm.

# Standard 3: Recharge

- X Soil Analysis provided.
- Required Recharge Volume calculation provided.
- Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used.

Х	Static
---	--------

Dynamic Field<sup>1</sup>

Runoff from all impervious areas at the site discharging to the infiltration BMP.

Simple Dynamic

- Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is *not* discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume.
- Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume.
- Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume *only* to the maximum extent practicable for the following reason:
  - Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface
  - M.G.L. c. 21E sites pursuant to 310 CMR 40.0000
  - Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000
  - Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable.
- $\fbox$  Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided.
- Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 80% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.



# Standard 3: Recharge (continued)

- The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.
- Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.

#### **Standard 4: Water Quality**

The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following:

- Good housekeeping practices;
- Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover;
- Vehicle washing controls;
- Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs;
- Spill prevention and response plans;
- Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas;
- Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides;
- Pet waste management provisions;
- Provisions for operation and management of septic systems;
- Provisions for solid waste management;
- Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas;
- Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions;
- Street sweeping schedules;
- Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system;
- Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL;
- Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan;
- List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent.
- Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge:
  - is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area
  - is near or to other critical areas
  - is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour)
  - involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.
- The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.



# Standard 4: Water Quality (continued)

- The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on:
  - The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or
  - The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume.
- ☐ The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs.
- A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided.

#### Standard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)

- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report.
- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted **prior to** the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs.
- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does *not* cover the land use.
- LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- All exposure has been eliminated.
- All exposure has *not* been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list.
- The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent.

#### **Standard 6: Critical Areas**

- The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area.
- Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.



# Standard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum extent practicable

The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:

- Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area.
- Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area
- Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
- Bike Path and/or Foot Path
- Redevelopment Project
- Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.
- Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report.

☐ The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.

# Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
- Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
- Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
- Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
- Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
- Vegetation Planning;
- Site Development Plan;
- Construction Sequencing Plan;
- Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Inspection Schedule;
- Maintenance Schedule;
- Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.
- A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



# Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control (continued)

- ☐ The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has *not* been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted *before* land disturbance begins.
- The project is *not* covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.

# **Standard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan**

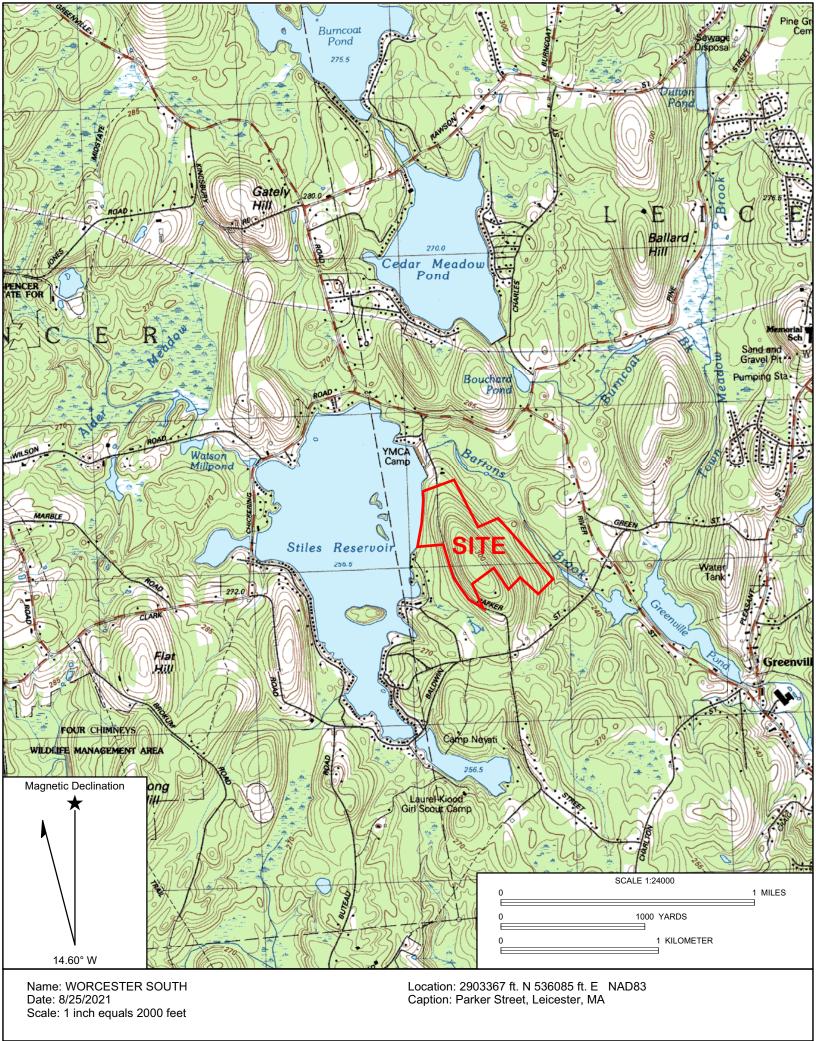
- The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information:
  - X Name of the stormwater management system owners;
  - Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
  - Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
  - Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas;
  - Description and delineation of public safety features;
  - Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and
  - Operation and Maintenance Log Form.
- The responsible party is **not** the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
  - A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
  - A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.

#### Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges

- The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
- An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
- NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted *prior to* the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.

Parker Street(North) – Definitive Subdivision Off Pine Street, Leicester, MA

# APPENDIX B USGS MAP



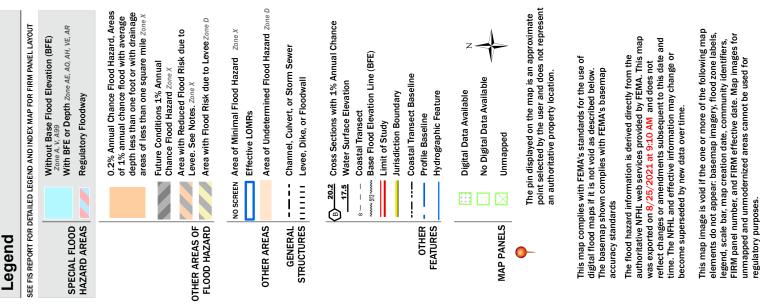
Parker Street(North) – Definitive Subdivision Off Pine Street, Leicester, MA

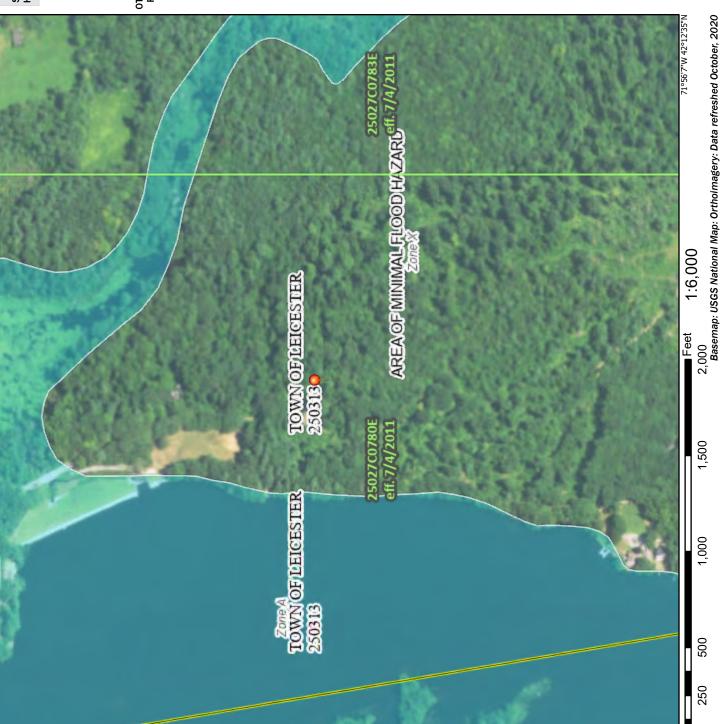
# **APPENDIX C** FEMA Flood Map

# National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette

'1°56'44"W 42°13'2'







Parker Street(North) – Definitive Subdivision Off Pine Street, Leicester, MA

# **APPENDIX D** Soil Test Pit Data

	PARKE	R STREE	PARKER STREET (NORTH) - LEICESTER, MA	<u>H) - LEI(</u>	CESTER,	MA
		TABLE	TABLE OF SOIL TEST PIT DATA	EST PIT D/	٨TA	
			Testing Date: 08/16/21	08/16/21		
	Performe	d by: Brian N	Performed by: Brian MacEwen, SE#1430, GRAZ Engineering, LLC	1430, GRAZ	Engineering,	LLC
#dT	LOCATION	DEPTH	HORIZON	TEXTURE	ESHWT	NOTES
		(inches)			(inches)	
٢	B1	0-5	A	F.S.L.		
		5-22	Bc	F.S.L.		
		22-48	Cd	F.S.L.	28	Moist, No Refusal
2	B1	0-7	A	F.S.L.		
		7-21	Bc	F.S.L.		
		21-46	Cd	F.S.L.	34	Moist, No Refusal
3	SF1	0-6	A	F.S.L.		
		6-26	Bc	F.S.L.		
		26-40	Cd	F.S.L.	32	Moist, No Refusal

Parker Street(North) – Definitive Subdivision Off Pine Street, Leicester, MA

# *APPENDIX E* NRCS Soils Map Overlay &

NRCC Cornell Extreme Precipitation Table

# **Extreme Precipitation Tables**

# Northeast Regional Climate Center

Data represents point estimates calculated from partial duration series. All precipitation amounts are displayed in inches.

Smoothing	Yes
State	Massachusetts
Location	Parker Street, Leicester, MA
Longitude	71.941 degrees West
Latitude	42.213 degrees North
Elevation	0 feet
Date/Time	Sun, 22 Aug 2021 14:51:00 -0400

# **Extreme Precipitation Estimates**

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.28	0.43	0.53	0.69	0.87	1.09	1yr	0.75	1.06	1.27	1.61	2.05	2.62	2.90	1yr	2.32	2.79	3.19	3.86	4.48	1yr
2yr	0.35	0.53	0.66	0.87	1.10	1.39	2yr	0.95	1.26	1.61	2.02	2.54	3.21	3.49	2yr	2.84	3.36	3.87	4.58	5.21	2yr
5yr	0.41	0.63	0.80	1.06	1.36	1.74	5yr	1.18	1.57	2.02	2.55	3.21	4.04	4.45	5yr	3.58	4.28	4.90	5.74	6.46	5yr
10yr	0.46	0.72	0.91	1.23	1.60	2.06	10yr	1.38	1.84	2.41	3.05	3.84	4.81	5.35	10yr	4.26	5.14	5.86	6.81	7.59	10yr
25yr	0.54	0.86	1.09	1.50	1.99	2.58	25yr	1.72	2.28	3.03	3.85	4.85	6.07	6.83	25yr	5.37	6.56	7.43	8.55	9.41	25yr
50yr	0.60	0.97	1.24	1.74	2.35	3.08	50yr	2.02	2.69	3.63	4.61	5.80	7.24	8.22	50yr	6.41	7.91	8.90	10.16	11.08	50yr
100yr	0.69	1.12	1.44	2.03	2.77	3.66	100yr	2.39	3.17	4.32	5.50	6.93	8.64	9.91	100yr	7.65	9.53	10.66	12.07	13.04	100yr
200yr	0.78	1.27	1.65	2.37	3.27	4.35	200yr	2.82	3.73	5.15	6.58	8.28	10.32	11.96	200yr	9.13	11.50	12.78	14.36	15.35	200yr
500yr	0.93	1.53	2.00	2.91	4.08	5.47	500yr	3.52	4.64	6.50	8.32	10.49	13.07	15.36	500yr	11.56	14.77	16.25	18.06	19.07	500yr

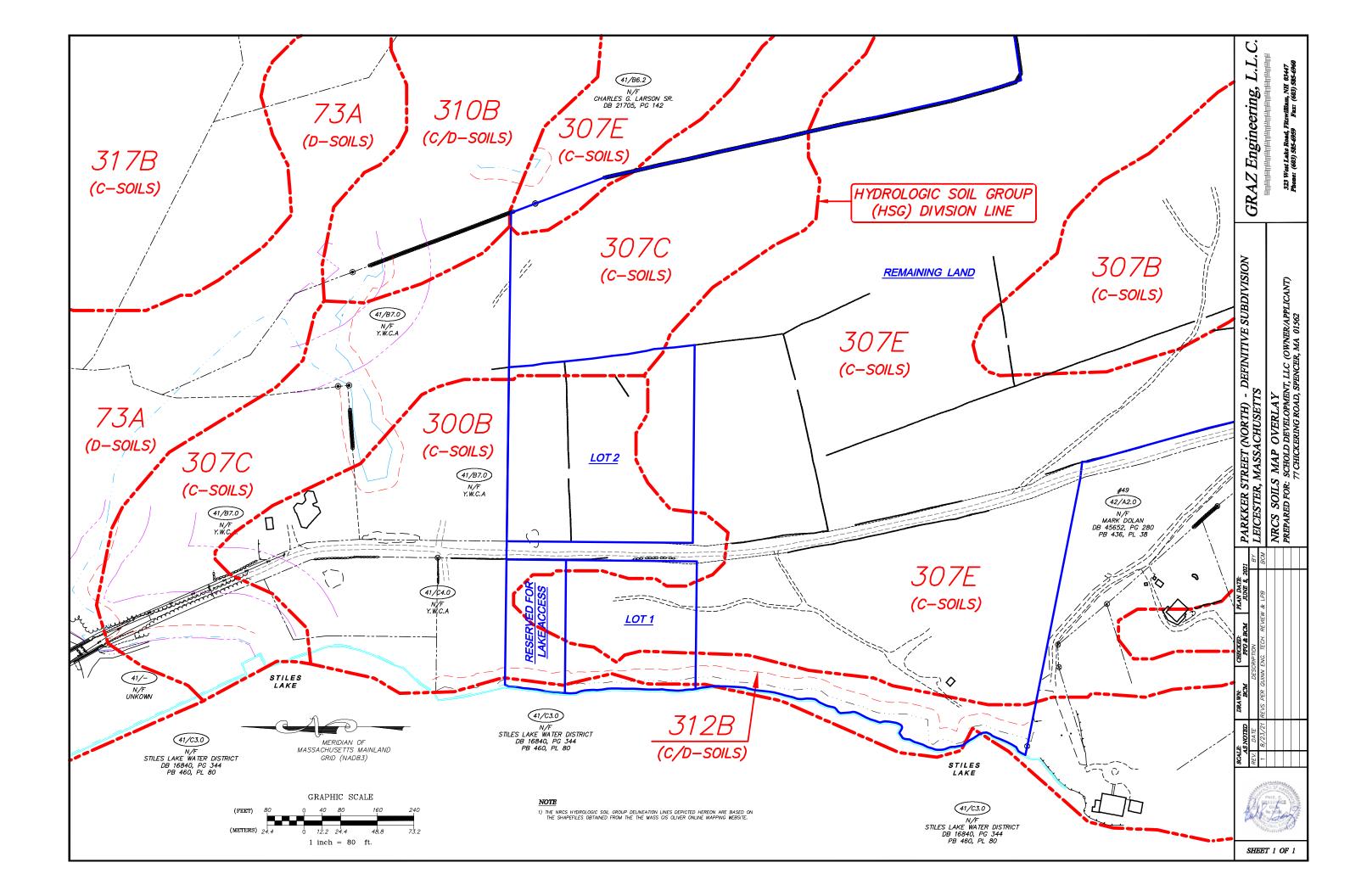
# Lower Confidence Limits

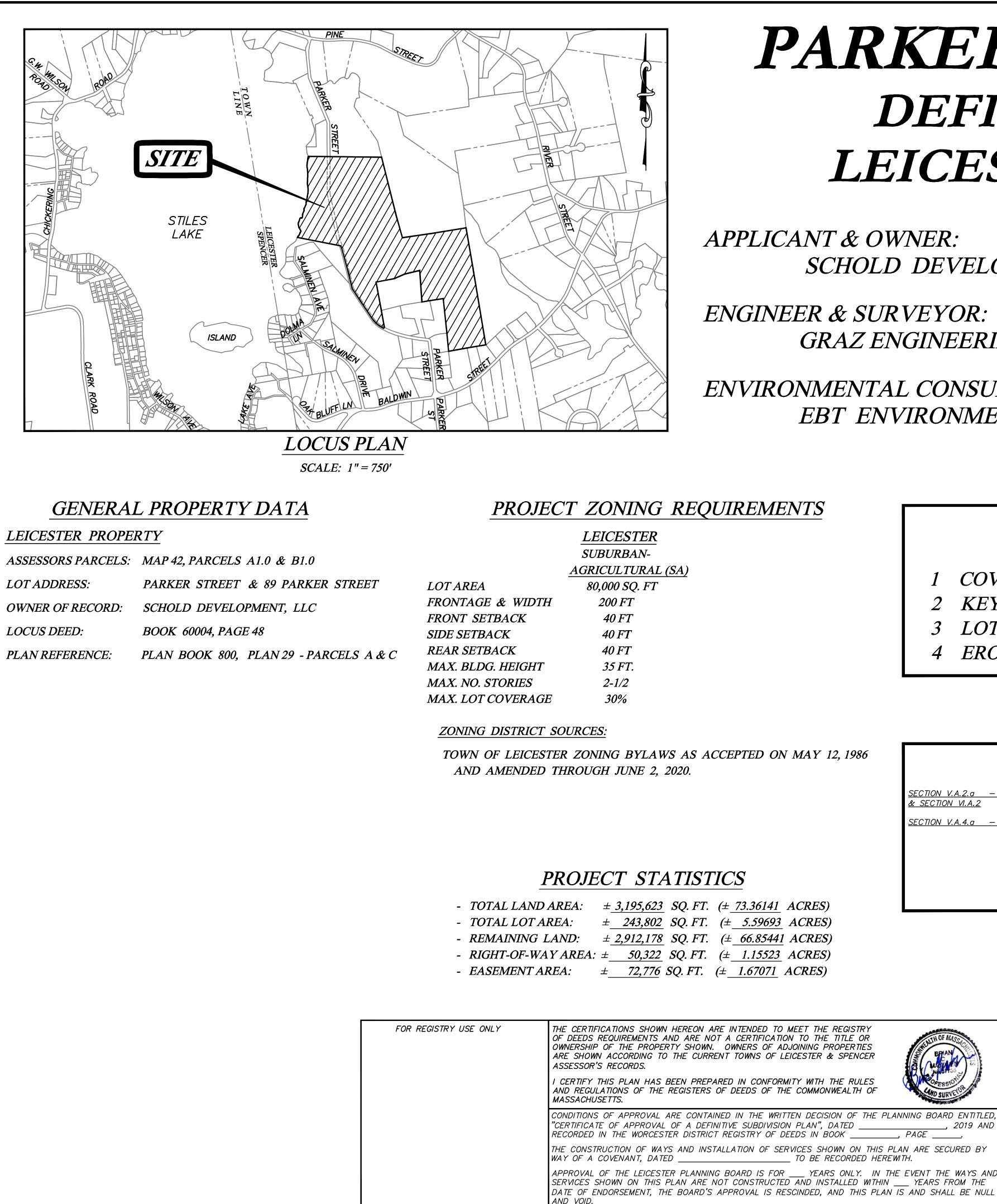
	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.22	0.34	0.41	0.55	0.68	0.98	1yr	0.59	0.95	1.12	1.48	1.91	2.32	2.31	1yr	2.06	2.23	2.80	3.23	3.94	1yr
2yr	0.34	0.52	0.64	0.87	1.07	1.25	2yr	0.92	1.23	1.43	1.89	2.43	3.12	3.39	2yr	2.76	3.26	3.76	4.43	5.04	2yr
5yr	0.38	0.59	0.73	1.00	1.28	1.49	5yr	1.10	1.46	1.71	2.23	2.85	3.77	4.04	5yr	3.34	3.89	4.49	5.23	5.90	5yr
10yr	0.42	0.65	0.81	1.13	1.46	1.70	10yr	1.26	1.67	1.94	2.52	3.19	4.35	4.58	10yr	3.85	4.41	5.10	5.87	6.59	10yr
25yr	0.49	0.75	0.93	1.33	1.74	2.03	25yr	1.51	1.98	2.30	2.98	3.72	5.28	5.95	25yr	4.68	5.72	6.04	7.24	7.81	25yr
50yr	0.54	0.83	1.03	1.48	2.00	2.31	50yr	1.72	2.26	2.62	3.39	4.19	6.13	6.97	50yr	5.43	6.70	6.85	8.31	8.80	50yr
100yr	0.61	0.93	1.16	1.67	2.30	2.64	100yr	1.98	2.58	2.98	3.85	4.71	7.13	8.21	100yr	6.31	7.90	7.74	9.56	9.91	100yr
200yr	0.68	1.03	1.31	1.89	2.64	3.03	200yr	2.28	2.96	3.40	4.40	5.31	8.30	9.72	200yr	7.34	9.35	8.75	10.97	11.16	200yr
500yr	0.81	1.21	1.55	2.26	3.21	3.63	500yr	2.77	3.55	4.06	5.25	6.24	10.16	12.17	500yr	8.99	11.70	12.40	13.25	13.06	500yr

# **Upper Confidence Limits**

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.31	0.48	0.58	0.78	0.96	1.18	1yr	0.83	1.15	1.37	1.75	2.33	2.85	3.22	1yr	2.53	3.09	3.52	4.17	4.92	1yr
2yr	0.36	0.55	0.68	0.92	1.14	1.33	2yr	0.98	1.30	1.54	2.00	2.58	3.32	3.63	2yr	2.94	3.49	4.03	4.76	5.51	2yr
5yr	0.43	0.67	0.83	1.14	1.44	1.72	5yr	1.25	1.68	1.97	2.54	3.21	4.34	4.87	5yr	3.84	4.68	5.33	6.31	7.08	5yr
10yr	0.50	0.77	0.96	1.34	1.73	2.08	10yr	1.50	2.03	2.40	3.05	3.81	5.32	6.00	10yr	4.71	5.77	6.61	7.81	8.70	10yr
25yr	0.62	0.95	1.18	1.68	2.21	2.68	25yr	1.91	2.62	3.11	3.88	4.78	6.97	7.86	25yr	6.17	7.55	8.84	9.96	11.03	25yr
50yr	0.73	1.11	1.38	1.98	2.67	3.25	50yr	2.30	3.18	3.79	4.66	5.68	8.54	9.70	50yr	7.56	9.33	11.01	12.20	13.43	50yr
100yr	0.86	1.30	1.62	2.35	3.22	3.94	100yr	2.78	3.86	4.61	5.59	6.74	10.45	12.00	100yr	9.25	11.53	13.72	14.94	16.35	100yr
200yr	1.01	1.52	1.92	2.78	3.88	4.79	200yr	3.35	4.68	5.62	6.70	8.00	12.81	14.83	200yr	11.33	14.26	17.11	18.28	19.91	200yr
500yr	1.27	1.88	2.43	3.52	5.01	6.19	500yr	4.32	6.05	7.30	8.53	10.03	16.74	19.59	500yr	14.81	18.83	20.94	23.86	25.83	500yr







# PARKER STREET (NORTH) DEFINITIVE SUBDIVISION LEICESTER, MASSACHUSETTS

APPLICANT & OWNER: SCHOLD DEVELOPMENT, LLC, 77 CHICKERING ROAD, SPENCER, MA 01562

ENGINEER & SURVEYOR: GRAZ ENGINEERING, L.L.C., 323 WEST LAKE ROAD, FITZWILLIAM, NH 03447

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANT EBT ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTING, 2 WELLINGTON ROAD, OXFORD, MA 01540

# PROJECT ZONING REQUIREMENTS

LEICESTER SUBURBAN-AGRICULTURAL (SA) *80,000 SQ. FT* 200 FT 40 FT 40 FT *40 FT 35 FT.* 2-1/2 30%

TOWN OF LEICESTER ZONING BYLAWS AS ACCEPTED ON MAY 12, 1986

- COVER SHEET
- KEY PLAN AND NOTES
- LOT LAYOUT PLAN
- EROSION CONTROL PLAN 4

# LEICESTER PLANNING BOARD WAIVERS REQUESTED

TO ALLOW A TRAVELLED WAY WIDTH OF 20'. <u>& SECTION\_VI.A.2</u>

<u>SECTION VI.E.3 – STREET LIGHTING SHALL BE REQUIRED</u> <u> SECTION V.A.2.a — MINIMUM WIDTH OF TRAVELLED WAY, 28' MIN. REQUIRED:</u> TO ALLOW STREET LIGHTING TO BE INSTALLED AS STIPULATED IN THE WRITTEN PLANNING BOARD DECISION AND AS DEPICTED ON THE FINAL APPROVED PLANS. <u>SECTION VI.G.1 – SIDEWALKS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON BOTH SIDES OF THE ROADWAY.</u> TO ALLOW DEAD-END STREET LENGTH OF 22+05.33' & TO ALLOW FOR NO SIDEWALKS INSTALLATION. RIGHT-OF-WAY LENGTH OF 22+15.33' BOTH AS MEASURED FROM SOUTHERLY EDGE OF PINE STREET. <u>SECTION VI.L – STREET SHADE TREES SHALL BE INSTALLED ON BOTH SIDES OF THE ROADWAY.</u> TO ALLOW FOR STREET TREE PLANTINGS TO BE INSTALLED AS STIPULATED IN THE WRITTEN PLANNING BOARD DECISION AND AS DEPICTED ON THE FINAL APPROVED

# **PROJECT STATISTICS**

	$\pm$	3,195,623	SQ. FT.	(±_	73.36141	ACRES)
<u>-</u>	±_	243,802	SQ. FT.	(±_	5.59693	ACRES)
	±	2,912,178	SQ. FT.	(±_	66.8544	ACRES)
A: =	£_	50,322	SQ. FT.	(±_	1.15523	ACRES)
=	Ł_	72,776	SQ. FT.	(±	1.67071	ACRES)

THE CERTIFICATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE INTENDED TO MEET THE REGISTRY OF DEEDS REQUIREMENTS AND ARE NOT A CERTIFICATION TO THE TITLE OR OWNERSHIP OF THE PROPERTY SHOWN. OWNERS OF ADJOINING PROPERTIES ARE SHOWN ACCORDING TO THE CURRENT TOWNS OF LEICESTER & SPENCER ASSESSOR'S RECORDS.

CERTIFY THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN CONFORMITY WITH THE RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE REGISTERS OF DEEDS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL ARE CONTAINED IN THE WRITTEN DECISION OF THE PLANNING BOARD ENTITLED \_\_\_\_, 2019 ANL "CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL OF A DEFINITIVE SUBDIVISION PLAN", DATED RECORDED IN THE WORCESTER DISTRICT REGISTRY OF DEEDS IN BOOK \_\_\_\_\_\_, PAGE \_\_\_\_\_. THE CONSTRUCTION OF WAYS AND INSTALLATION OF SERVICES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE SECURED BY

WAY OF A COVENANT, DATED \_ \_\_\_ TO BE RECORDED HEREWITH. APPROVAL OF THE LEICESTER PLANNING BOARD IS FOR \_\_\_\_ YEARS ONLY. IN THE EVENT THE WAYS AND SERVICES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE NOT CONSTRUCTED AND INSTALLED WITHIN \_\_\_\_ YEARS FROM THE

	CERTIFICATE OF NO APPEAL	APPI SUBDIN PLANNING
	THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF THIS PLAN BY THE LEICESTER PLANNING BOARD WAS RECEIVED AND RECORDED AT THIS OFFICE ON AT	
), )	AND NO APPEAL WAS RECEIVED DURING THE 20 DAYS NEXT AFTER SUCH RECEIPT AND RECORDING OF SAID NOTICE.	

DATE:

TOWN CLERK - LEICESTER

DATE \_\_\_\_

# LIST OF DRA WINGS

5 PARKER STREET PLAN & PROFILE (SHT 1 OF 2)

6 PARKER STREET PLAN & PROFILE (SHT 2 OF 2)

7 CONSTRUCTION NOTES & DETAILS

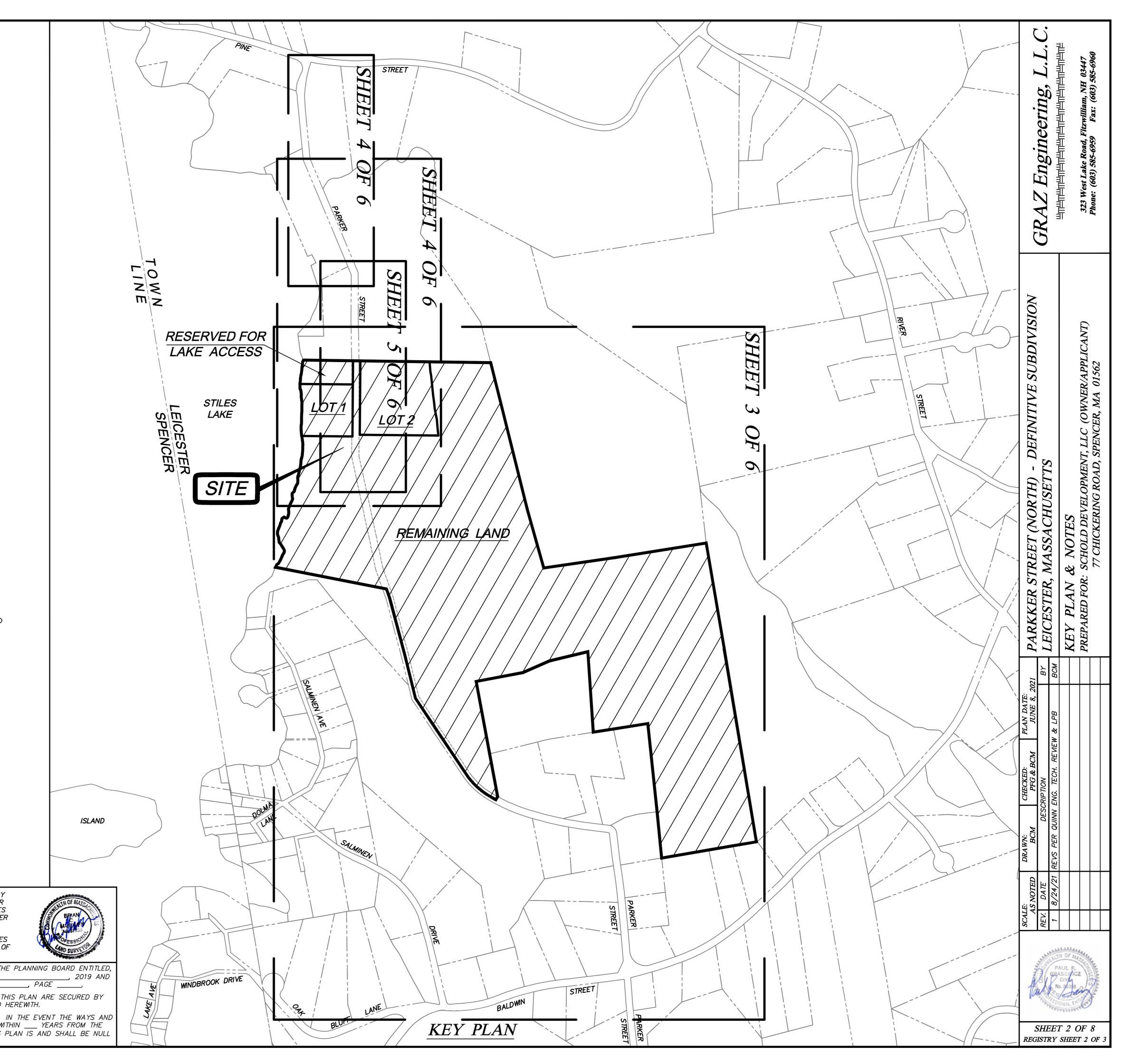
PLANS.

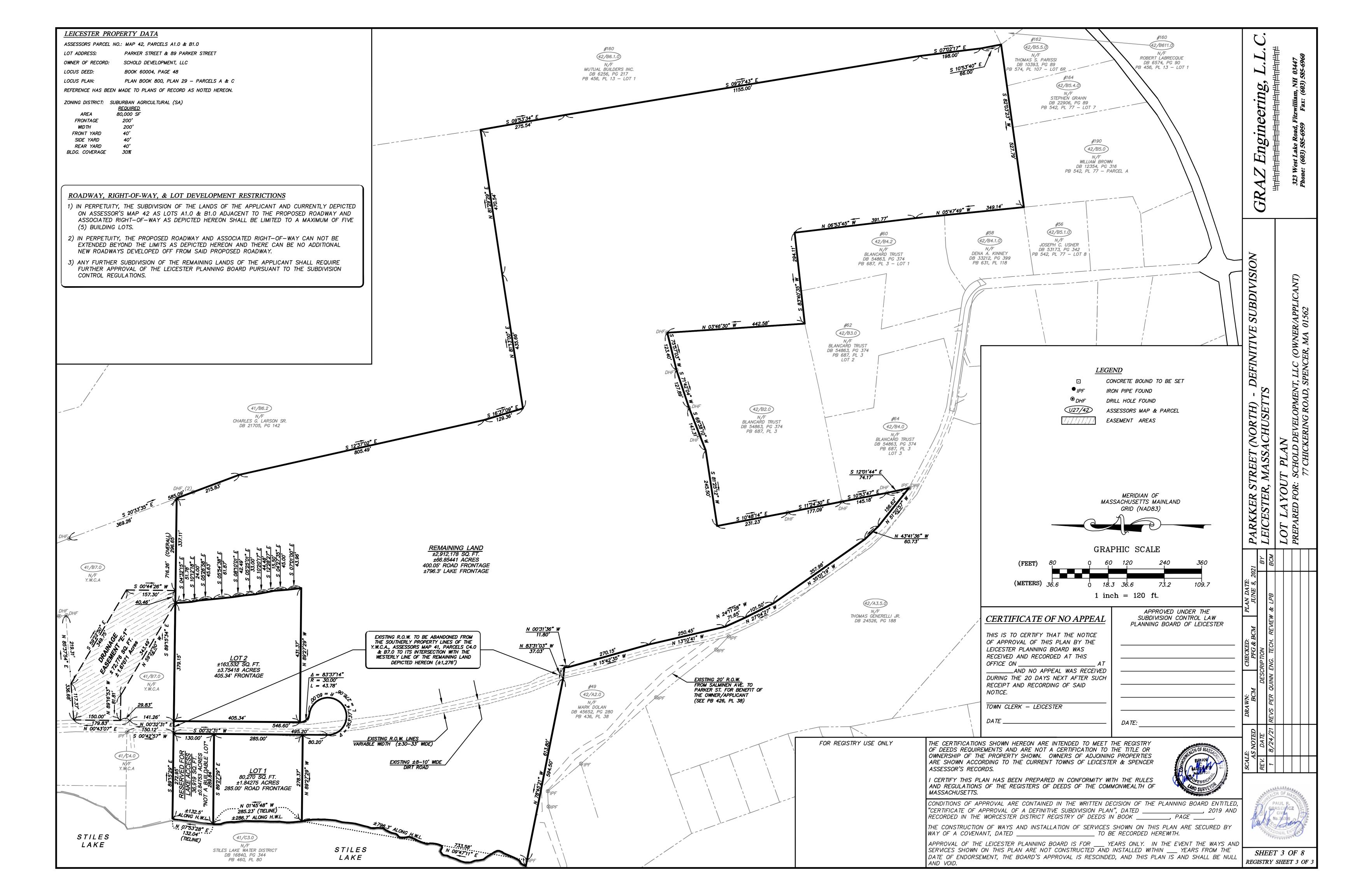
8 DRAINAGE DETAILS

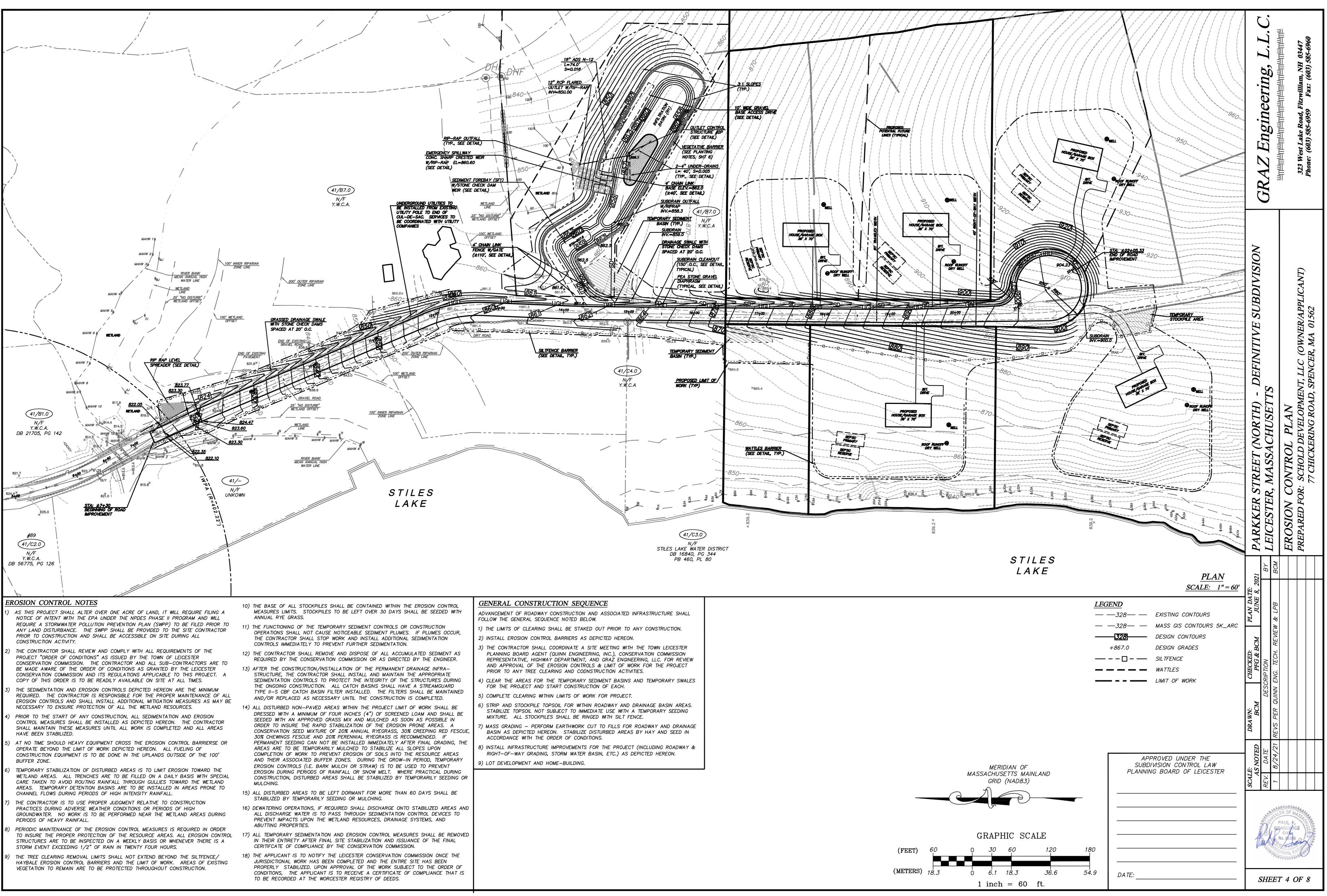
ROVED UNDER THE /ISION CONTROL LAW	SCAL A	E: S NOTED	DRAWN: BCM	CHECKED: PFG & BCM	PLAN DATE: JUNE 8, 20	021	
G BOARD OF LEICESTER	REV.	DATE		DESCRIPTION		BY	
	1	8/24/21	REVS PER QUINN	ENG. TECH. REVIEW	N & LPB	ВСМ	]
							JAANAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
							Stand Stand Stand
							GRASEVICZ
							No. 36306 0
							MA STATIS
							STONAL ENGL
							SHEET 1 OF 8
							REGISTRY SHEET 1 OF 3

GENERAL N
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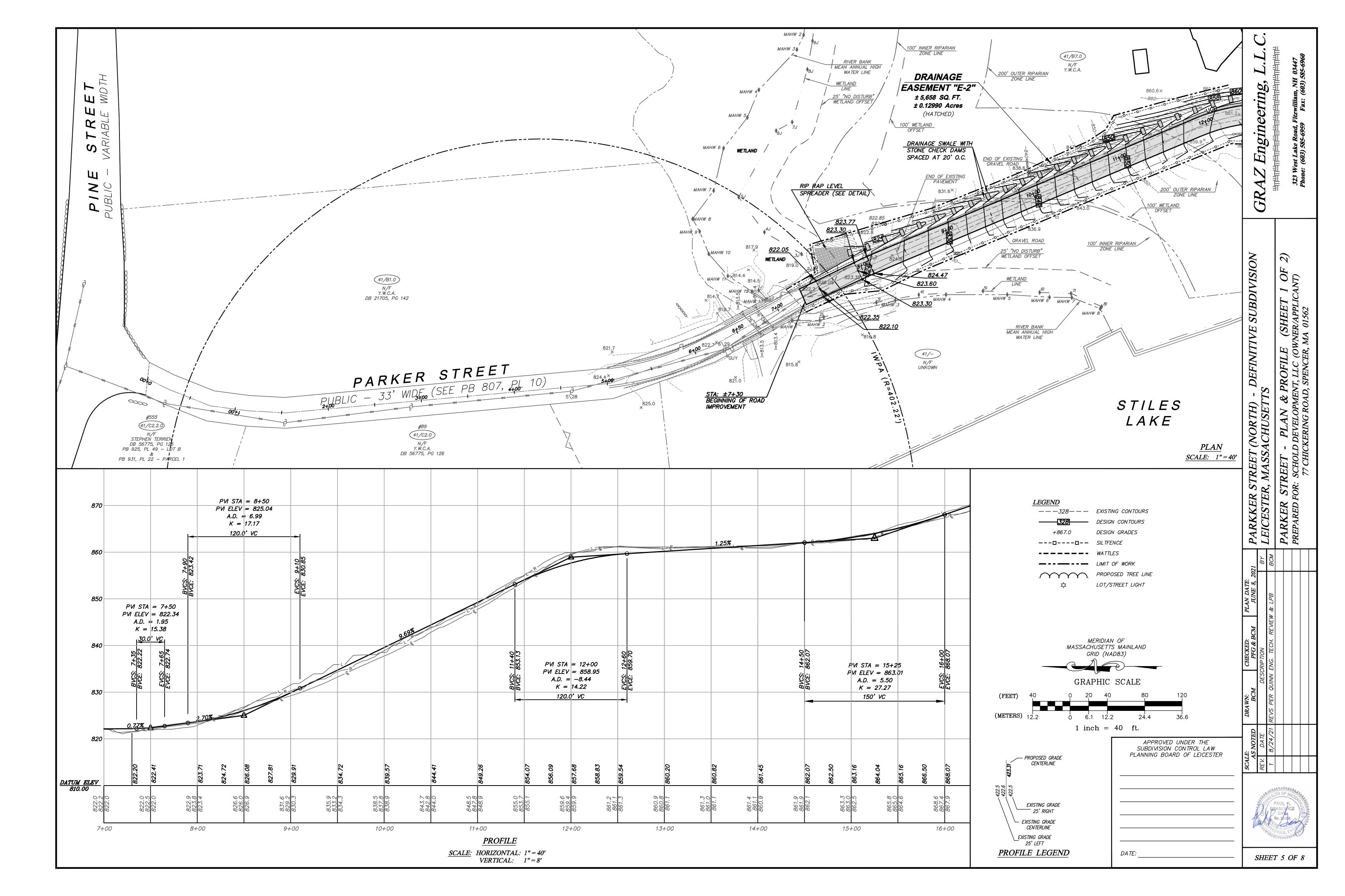
GENERAL NOTES	
	ES, AND UTILITIES DEPICTED HEREON ARE BASED ON AERIAL AST, INC. FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN IN 2004.
ARE THE RESULT OF THE RESULT OF AN	AERIAL PHOTOGRAMMETRY INFORMATION DEPICTED HEREON I ACTUAL ON THE GROUND FIELD SURVEY PERFORMED BY THE Y 2005 AND MARCH 2005 AND COMPILATION OF THE DEEDS
3) THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATUMS PERFORMED AT THE SITE.	WERE ESTABLISHED BY NETWORK-RTK GNSS GPS
HORIZONTAL DATUM & BEARING BASIS	T = MASSACHUSETTS MAINLAND GRID (NAD83)
VERTICAL DATUM = NAVD88 (REFER T BENCHM,	O PLAN FOR LOCATION OF ARKS SET DURING SURVEY)
<u>NOTE:</u> THE NGVD 1929 DATUM IS 0.68 1929 NGVD DATUM	3 FEET HIGHER THAN THE NAVD 1988 DATUM. ' ELEV = 378.49'
4) THE TOWN LINE DEPICTED HEREON WAS L BOUNDS (MASSACHUSETTS MAINLAND GR	DETERMINED BY NETWORK RTK—GNSS LOCATION OF THE TOWN VID, NAD 83).
5) THE WETLANDS WERE FIELD DELINEATED AND WERE LOCATED BY THE FIELD SURV	BY EBT ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTING, INC. IN OCTOBER 2005 ÆY CITED ABOVE.
SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA WITH NO FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM FLOOE INSU	E EASTERLY SIDE OF STILES LAKE LIES WITHIN ZONE A, ELEVATIONS DETERMINED AS SET FORTH ON THE NATIONAL IRANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) 25027C0780E WITH THE REMAINDER FLOOD HAZARD AS SET FORTH ON THE FIRM 25027C0783E, OF JULY 4. 2011.
7) THE LOCATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND UT ON THE FIELD LOCATION OF THE OBSERV WATER GATES, ETC. AND THE COMPILATION COMPANIES, AND GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND SUB-SURFACE STRUCTURES ARE SH INVERT ELEVATIONS OF THE UTILITIES AN CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL	TILITIES SHOWN HEREON, ARE APPROXIMATE AND ARE BASED VABLE STRUCTURES SUCH AS CATCH BASINS, MANHOLES, ON OF INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM VARIOUS UTILITY S. THE ENGINEER DOES NOT GUARANTEE THAT ALL UTILITIES HOWN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY SIZE, LOCATION, AND ID STRUCTURES, AS REQUIRED PRIOR TO THE START OF L NOTIFY THE ENGINEER IF ANY DISCREPANCIES ARE ITIONS DEPICTED HEREON AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS.
SHALL NOTIFY IN WRITING ALL UTILITY CO	TION 40, INCLUDING AMENDMENTS, ALL CONTRACTORS OMPANIES AND GOVERNMENT AGENCIES PRIOR TO ANY AT 1—888—344—7233 72 HOURS BEFORE ANY EXCAVATION.
9) A FIFTEEN FOOT (15') WIDE TEMPORARY PARALLEL AND ALONG THE ENTIRE PROF	SLOPE AND CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT SHALL BE PROVIDED POSED RIGHT—OF—WAY ACROSS THE FRONTAGE OF EACH LOT. TION EASEMENT SHALL BE EXTINGUISHED UPON ACCEPTANCE
LEICESTER DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WOR	DEPICTED HEREON ARE REQUIRED BY THE TOWN OF RKS IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN THE DRAINAGE INFRASTRUCTURE
(SWALES, PONDS, ETC.) AND SHALL BE	GRANIED TO THE TOWN OF LEICESTER.
	S MAN
	D
	GRAPHIC SCALE
(FEET) 250	0 125 250 500 750
(METERS) 76.2	0 38.1 76.2 152.4 228.6
	1  inch = 250  ft.
APPROVED UNDER THE SUBDIVISION CONTROL LAW	CERTIFICATE OF NO APPEAL
PLANNING BOARD OF LEICESTER	THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE NOTICE
	OF APPROVAL OF THIS PLAN BY THE LEICESTER PLANNING BOARD WAS
	_ RECEIVED AND RECORDED AT THIS OFFICE ON AT
	<ul> <li>AND NO APPEAL WAS RECEIVED</li> <li>DURING THE 20 DAYS NEXT AFTER SUCH</li> <li>RECEIPT AND RECORDING OF SAID</li> <li>NOTION</li> </ul>
DATE:	DATE
FOR REGISTRY USE ONLY	THE CERTIFICATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE INTENDED TO MEET THE REGISTRY
	OF DEEDS REQUIREMENTS AND ARE NOT A CERTIFICATION TO THE TITLE OR OWNERSHIP OF THE PROPERTY SHOWN. OWNERS OF ADJOINING PROPERTIES ARE SHOWN ACCORDING TO THE CURRENT TOWNS OF LEICESTER & SPENCER ASSESSOR'S RECORDS.
	I CERTIFY THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN CONFORMITY WITH THE RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE REGISTERS OF DEEDS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
	CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL ARE CONTAINED IN THE WRITTEN DECISION OF THE "CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL OF A DEFINITIVE SUBDIVISION PLAN", DATED RECORDED IN THE WORCESTER DISTRICT REGISTRY OF DEEDS IN BOOK
	THE CONSTRUCTION OF WAYS AND INSTALLATION OF SERVICES SHOWN ON THE WAY OF A COVENANT, DATED
	APPROVAL OF THE LEICESTER PLANNING BOARD IS FOR YEARS ONLY. II SERVICES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE NOT CONSTRUCTED AND INSTALLED WIT
	DATE OF ENDORSEMENT, THE BOARD'S APPROVAL IS RESCINDED, AND THIS P AND VOID.

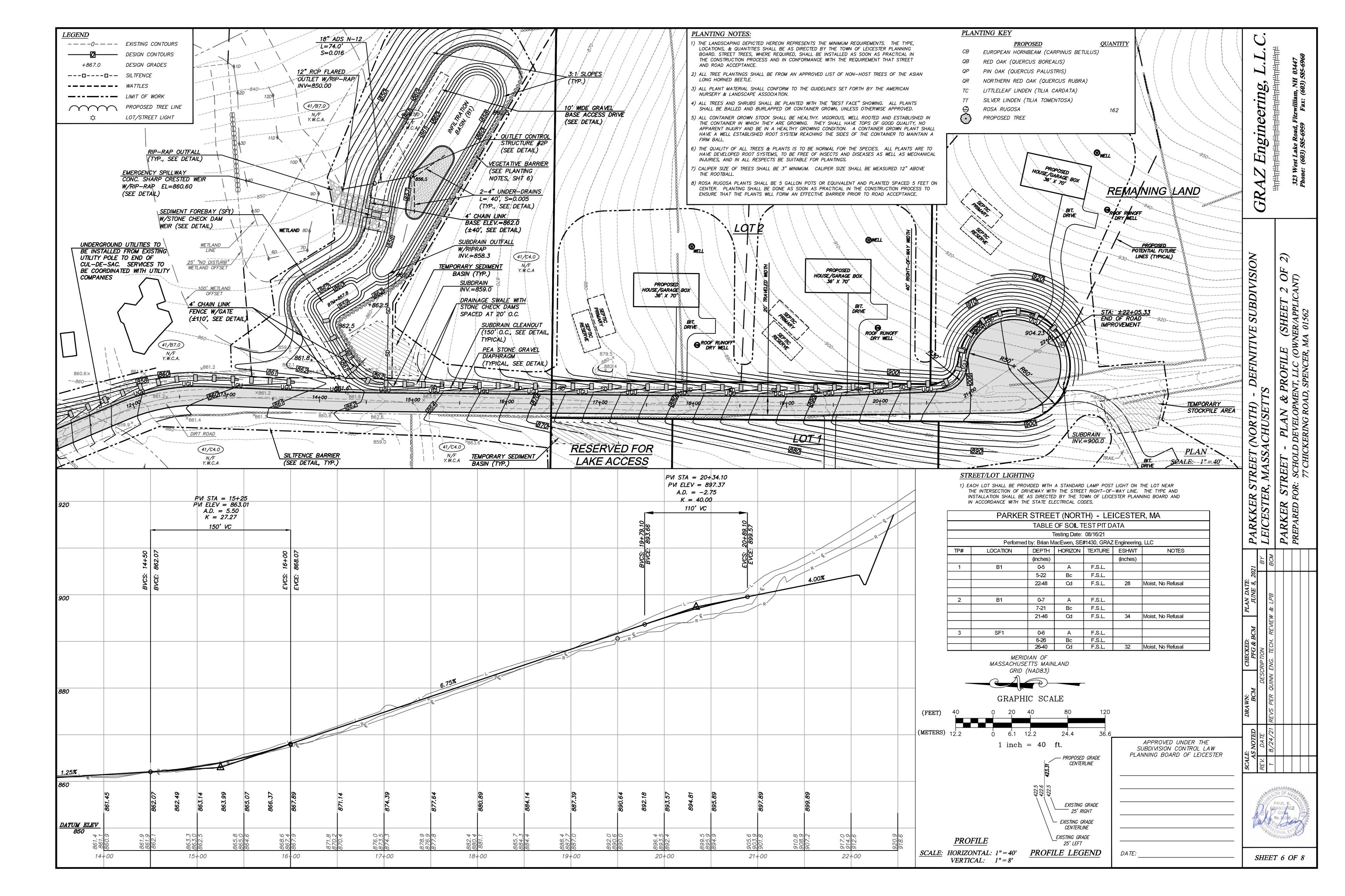






CONTROL	
EDED WITH	ADVANCEMENT OF ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION AND ASSOCIATED INFRASTRUCTURE SHALL FOLLOW THE GENERAL SEQUENCE NOTED BELOW.
TION ES OCCUR.	1) THE LIMITS OF CLEARING SHALL BE STAKED OUT PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION.
ATION	2) INSTALL EROSION CONTROL BARRIERS AS DEPICTED HEREON.
DIMENT AS ENGINEER. NFRA— PRIATE	3) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE A SITE MEETING WITH THE TOWN LEICESTER PLANNING BOARD AGENT (QUINN ENGINEERING, INC.), CONSERVATION COMMISSION REPRESENTATIVE, HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT, AND GRAZ ENGINEERING, LLC. FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL OF THE EROSION CONTROLS & LIMIT OF WORK FOR THE PROJECT PRIOR TO ANY TREE CLEARING AND CODNSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.
ES DURING MGUARD MAINTAINED TED.	4) CLEAR THE AREAS FOR THE TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASINS AND TEMPORARY SWALES FOR THE PROJECT AND START CONSTRUCTION OF EACH.
	5) COMPLETE CLEARING WITHIN LIMITS OF WORK FOR PROJECT.
SHALL BE SHALL BE SIBLE IN	6) STRIP AND STOCKPILE TOPSOIL FOR WITHIN ROADWAY AND DRAINAGE BASIN AREAS. STABILIZE TOPSOIL NOT SUBJECT TO IMMEDIATE USE WITH A TEMPORARY SEEDING MIXTURE. ALL STOCKPILES SHALL BE RINGED WITH SILT FENCE.
EAS. A RED FESCUE, . IF	7) MASS GRADING – PERFORM EARTHWORK CUT TO FILLS FOR ROADWAY AND DRAINAGE BASIN AS DEPICTED HEREON. STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS BY HAY AND SEED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ORDER OF CONDITIONS.
GRADING, THE ON CE AREAS	8) INSTALL INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS FOR THE PROJECT (INCLUDING ROADWAY & RIGHT-OF-WAY GRADING, STORM WATER BASIN, ETC.) AS DEPICTED HEREON.
TEMPORARY EVENT	9) LOT DEVELOPMENT AND HOME-BUILDING.
AL DURING ' SEEDING OR	
SHALL BE	
D AREAS AND EVICES TO AND	





	GENERAL	<b>CONSTRUCTION</b>	NOTES
--	---------	---------------------	-------

- ALL REQUIRED PERMITS SHALL BE SECURED PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.
- ?) THE TOWN OF LEICESTER CONSERVATION COMMISSION'S ORDER OF CONDITIONS ARE HEREBY MADE CONDITIONS OF THE JURISDICTIONAL WORK FOR THIS PROJECT.
- AT LEAST 10 DAYS PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE TOWN LEICESTER PLANNING BOARD, CONSERVATION COMMISSION, BUILDING DEPARTMENT, HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT, & BOARD OF HEALTH, GRAZ ENGINEERING, LLC, AND QUINN ENGINEERING, INC.
- ) IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 82, SECTION 40, INCLUDING AMENDMENTS, ALL CONTRACTORS SHALL NOTIFY IN WRITING ALL UTILITY COMPANIES AND GOVERNMENT AGENCIES PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK AND CALL DIG-SAFE AT 1-888-344-7233, 72 HOURS BEFORE ANY EXCAVATION.
- THE LOCATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHOWN HEREON, ARE APPROXIMATE AND ARE BASED ON THE FIELD LOCATION OF THE OBSERVABLE STRUCTURES SUCH AS CATCH BASINS, MANHOLES, WATER GATES, ETC. AND THE COMPILATION OF INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM VARIOUS UTILITY COMPANIES, AND GOVERNMENT AGENCIES. THE ENGINEER DOES NOT GUARANTEE THAT ALL UTILITIES AND SUB-SURFACE STRUCTURES ARE SHOWN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY SIZE, LOCATION, AND INVERT ELEVATIONS OF THE UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES, PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.
- ALL WORK AND MATERIALS SHALL CONFORM TO THE TOWN OF LEICESTER SUBDIVISION RULES & REGULATIONS, ZONING BYLAWS, PLANNING BOARD DECISIONS, CONSERVATION COMMISSION ORDERS, & HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT STANDARDS, AND THE LATEST EDITION OF THE MASSACHUSETTS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS (MHDPW) CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND THE MHDPW "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES" AND ALL OF THEIR RESPECTIVE AMENDMENTS, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY THE LOCAL AUTHORITY OR THE ENGINEER.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL UTILITY AND ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION WITHIN THE TOWN RIGHT-OF-WAYS WITH THE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT SUPERINTENDENT AND/OR THE APPROPRIATE UITILITY COMPANY.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE EVERYTHING NECESSARY TO CONSTRUCT THE UTILITIES AND ROADWAY WITHIN THE SPECIFIED PARAMETERS AND IN A WORKMANSHIP LIKE MANNER.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER IF ANY DISCREPANCIES ARE OBSERVED BETWEEN THE EXISTING CONDITIONS DEPICTED HEREON AND THE FIELD VERIFIED CONDITIONS.
- 10) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTROL AIRBORNE DUST WITH USE OF SPRAYED WATER AS REQUIRED TO MINIMIZE THE IMPACTS TO NEIGHBORING PROPERTIES. THE USE OF CALCIUM CHLORIDE OR OTHER CHEMICALS ARE PROHIBITED.
- 1) THIS ROADWAY PROJECT SHALL BE BUILT ALL IN ONE PHASE. IF AT ANY TIME SHOULD THE DEVELOPER DECIDE TO CONSTRUCT THE PROJECT IN PHASES, A CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING PLAN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE PLANNING BOARD FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.
- 12) ALL PROPOSED LOTS ARE TO BE SERVICED BY PRIVATE ON-SITE SEPTIC AND WELLS.
- 13) THE TEST PITS FOR THE PROPOSED STORMWATER INFILTRATION BASIN SHALL BE PERFORMED PRIOR THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION.
- 14) BACK FILL FOR UTILITY TRENCHES SHALL BE PLACED IN 12-INCH LOOSE LIFTS AND COMPACTED TO 95 PERCENT DRY DENSITY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM DESIGNATION 1557-70 METHOD D.
- 15) "GRAVEL BASE" MATERIALS SHALL CONFORM WITH THE CURRENT TOWN SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS AND THE 1997 MASSACHUSETTS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES. M1.03.0 TYPE "B" GRAVEL SHALL BE USED AND PLACED IN CONFORMANCE WITH MASS DOT SECTION 401.
- 16) TOP COURSE, BINDER COURSE, & MODIFIED CAPE COD BERM SHALL BE BE CLASS 1, TYPE I-1 (M3.11.0 & M3.12.0), PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MASS DOT SECTION 460.
- 17) PLACE 4" OF LOAM AND SEED IN ALL DISTURBED AREAS OF THE PROJECT NOT OTHERWISE IMPROVED (E.G. PAVED, RIP-RAPPED, ETC.) 18) ALL PROPOSED GRADES SHALL BE GRADED SMOOTHLY AND EVENLY NTO THE EXISTING GRADES AND PROVIDE POSITIVE DRAINAGE.
- THE TOPS AND BOTTOMS OF ALL SLOPES SHALL BE ROUNDED OFF. 19) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING ADEQUATE RECORDS OF THE LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF ALL WORK INSTALLED, INCLUDING TIES TO SERVICE LATERALS, AND SUBMIT ONE SET OF RED-LINED AS BUILT DRAWINGS TO THE ENGINEER OF RECORD.
- 20) FINAL DRIVEWAY LOCATIONS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY DEVELOPER DURING CONSTRUCTION. CURB CUTS AND DRIVEWAY OPENINGS SHALL BE COORDINATED WITHE THE HIGHWAY DEPARMENT SUPERINTENDENT AND COMPLY WITH THE TOWN DPW & SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS.

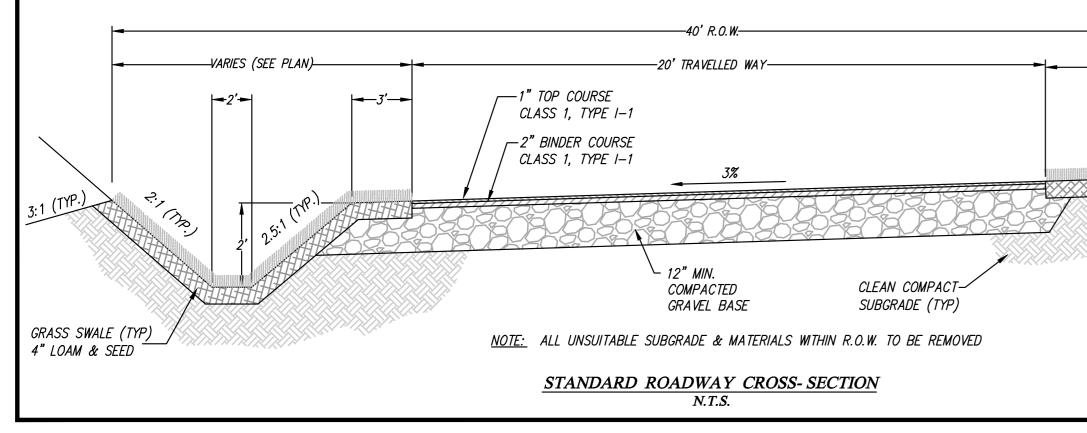
# DEMOLITION NOTES

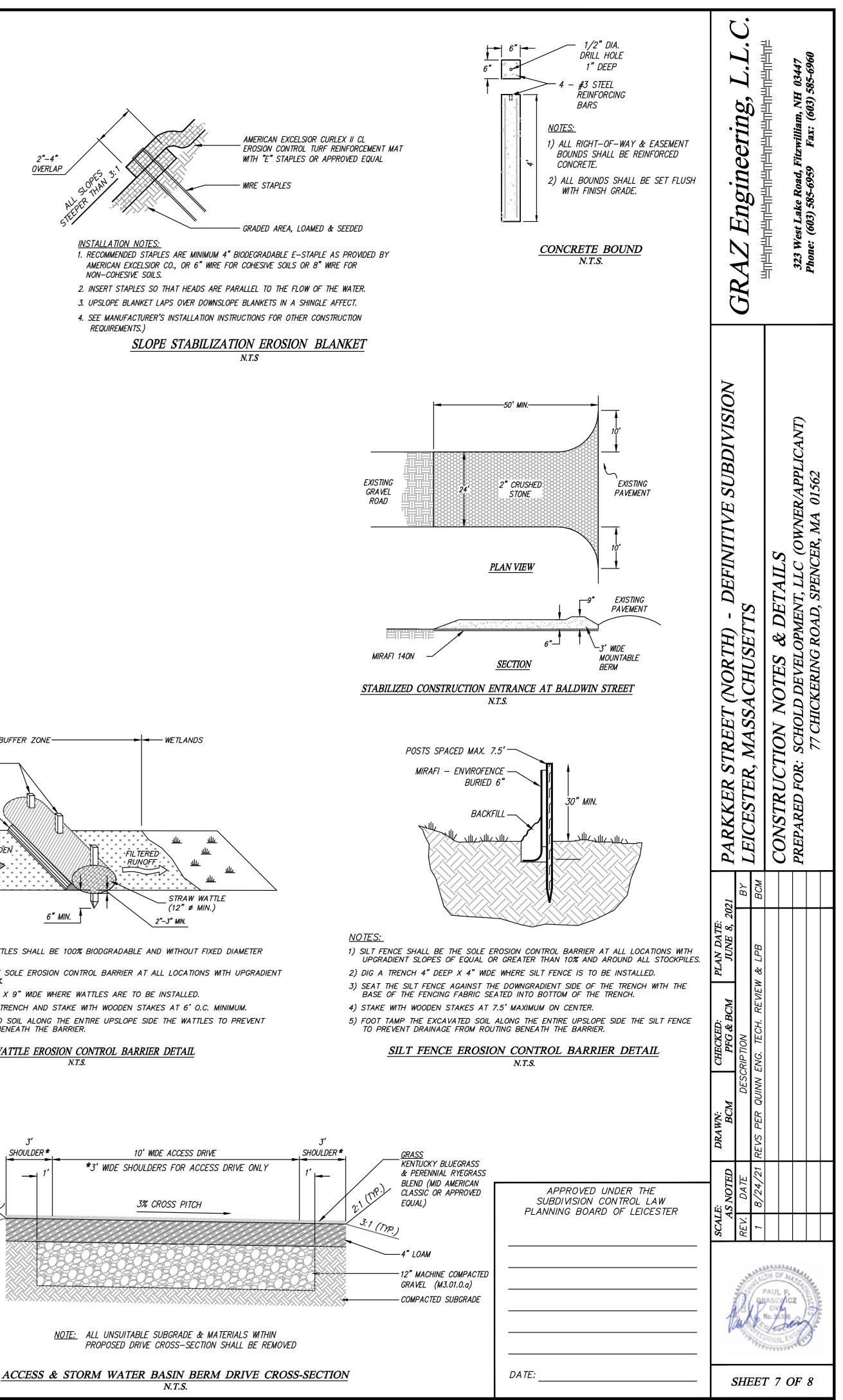
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS TO PROTECT THE EXISTING UTILITIES AND MAINTAIN UNINTERRUPTED SERVICES. ANY DAMAGE TO THE EXISTING UTILITIES BY THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATION SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY AND COMPLETELY REPAIRED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- ) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SAW CUT THE EXISTING BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT ON PARKER STREET WHERE REQUIRED TO CONSTRUCT AND SMOOTHLY BLEND THE PROPOSED ROADWAY AND WITH THE EXISTING PAVEMENT.
- ) ALL EXISTING FEATURES TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE REMOVED IN THEIR ENTIRETY AND DISPOSED OF LEGALLY OFF SITE UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- ) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH RESPECTIVE GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND UTILITY COMPANIES FOR DETAILS ON THE TEMPORARY REMOVAL, RELOCATION, AND ABANDONMENT OF ALL OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND UTILITY SERVICES INCLUDING ELECTRICAL, COMMUNICATIONS, WATER, SEWER, DRAINAGE, CATV, AND GAS.
- THE TREE CLEARING LIMITS SHALL NOT EXTEND BEYOND THE HAYBALE/SILT FENCE BARRIER. AREAS OF EXISTING VEGETATION TO REMAIN ARE TO BE PROTECTED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION. REVIEW THE ACTUAL LIMITS OF CLEARING WITH THE OWNER, AND SELECTIVELY CLEAR AND PRUNE AS REQUIRED TO REMOVE DEAD, DISEASED, OR POORLY FORMED VEGETATION.

SET TREE ROOT

NOTE:

BACKFILL MIX LAYER OVER PIT LEVELING MOUND





BUFFER ZONE-1" X 1" WOODEN OR MET<u>AL</u> -RUBBER HOSE STAKES (6' O.C. MIN.) TENSION TWIST FOOT TAMPED EXCAVATED (1 PER GUY WIRE) SOIL ON UPSLOPE SIDE -GUY WRE (3 PER TREE) CROWN 2" ABOVE TREE WRAP FINISH GRADE SEDIMENT-LADEN —TREE STAKE (3 PER TREE) RUNOFF *—2" MULCH LAYER* DO NOT PLACE SOIL — 3" HIGH WATERING BASIN OVER ROOTBALL -REMOVE WIRE AND BURLAP FINISH GRADE VARIES FROM THE TOP 1/3 OF (REFER TO PLANS) THE ROOTBALL <u>NOTES:</u> - ROOTBALL 1) SHEATHING FOR STRAW WATTLES SHALL BE 100% BIODGRADABLE AND WITHOUT FIXED DIAMETER 1'-0" DRAINAGE FILL **OPFNINGS** - SCARIFY SIDE OF - ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? PLANT PIT 2) WATTLES SHALL BE AS THE SOLE EROSION CONTROL BARRIER AT ALL LOCATIONS WITH UPGRADIENT BOTTOM FOR TREE SLOPES OF LESS THAN 10%. 3) DIG A TRENCH 2"-3" DEEP X 9" WIDE WHERE WATTLES ARE TO BE INSTALLED. TREE PLANTING/ WITHOUT DRAINAGE 4) SEAT WATTLE FIRMLY INTO TRENCH AND STAKE WITH WOODEN STAKES AT 6' O.C. MINIMUM. N.T.S. 5) FOOT TAMP THE EXCAVATED SOIL ALONG THE ENTIRE UPSLOPE SIDE THE WATTLES TO PREVENT DRAINAGE FROM ROUTING BENEATH THE BARRIER. STRAW WATTLE EROSION CONTROL BARRIER DETAIL STREET TREES - 1 PER 40' (SEE SHT. 6 FOR PLANTING SCHEDULE) SHOULDER \* VARIES (SEE PLAN) ربنې × (m) 3:1 (TYP.) 3/8"/FT. (TYP.) 1" TOP COURSE —



2" BINDER COURSE-

12" COMPACTED

GRA VEL

GRASS PLOT (TYP)

4" LOAM & SEED

<u>3/8" PER FOOT</u>

